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GENEALOGICAL MEMORANDA, RELATING CHIEFLY TO THE HALEY, PIPER, NEAL AND RICKER FAMILIES

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GENEALOGICAL MEMORANDA,

RELATING CHIEFLY TO THE

Haley, Piper, Neal and Ricker FAMILIES

OF MAINE AND NEW HAMPSHIRE.

COMPILED BY

REV. JOHN W. HAYLEY, D. D.,

Author of "Alleged Discrepancies of the Bible," "The Hereafter of Sin," &c.

N. E. HISTORIC GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

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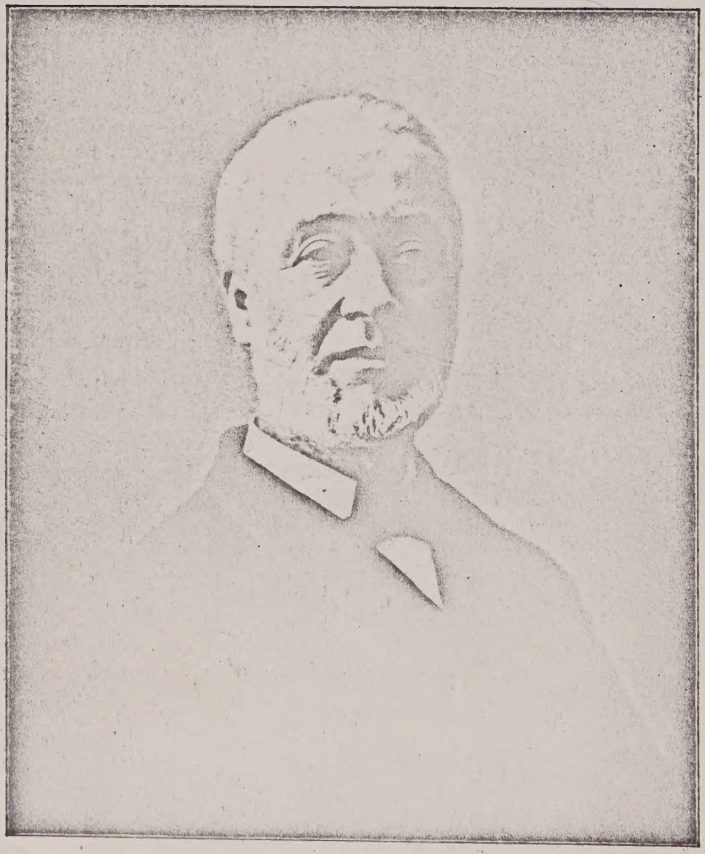

Fraternally,
John W. Hayley.

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JOHN WILLIAM HAYLEY.

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To my kindred—to the memory of the departed, and to the kind consideration of the living—this little book is respectfully dedicated.

PREFATORY REMARKS.

The reader will please bear in mind that I have not attempted a complete history of any one of the four families considered. I have merely sought to bring together, and arrange in some intelligible manner, such genealogical memoranda concerning each family as I could glean from any and every accessible source. It will be noticed that, in many cases, there are "missing links" in the several records. I may be asked, "Why publish, until all these gaps are filled?" My answer is that, should I wait until all the "missing links" are supplied, the book would never appear. I have thought it better to give to my kindred the genealogical items and data now in my possession than to let all together pass into oblivion. An imperfect record may be better than no record at all, as it seems to me.

I have spared neither time, labor, nor expense, to make the genealogies as full and accurate as I could. That there are mistakes—I trust, not many—in the book, I cannot doubt. Those who know most of book-making will best appreciate the impossibility of attaining perfect accuracy, and will judge the author's slips and mistakes most leniently. No book absolutely free from typographical or other errors, was ever published.

In gathering materials for the various genealogical records, I have encountered grave difficulties and obstacles,—some of which are the total or partial loss of ancient records; their meagerness; the illegibility of the hand-writing; and the defacement of the MSS., by blurs, stains, and by the wear and tear of time. One very puzzling circumstance is the fact that, in many instances, there were living at the same time several persons bearing precisely the same name. For example, some half-dozen persons, each bearing the name of "Walter Neal," were cotemporaries for a time, and living not far apart. Nearly the same may be said as to the name "Joshua Neal." Often it becomes extremely difficult, if not impossible, to determine which

"Walter," or "Samuel," or "Joshua" is meant. I can only say that I have tried faithfully to discriminate, but very likely have occasionally erred. If any reader shall detect errors, and will communicate the fact to me, I shall be very grateful.

It will be noticed that I have generally, though not invariably, arranged persons in the order of generations. In some cases where I was in possession of but few facts concerning the children of a family, I have named them in connection with their parents, instead of in a separate division. Probably no one will be misled by this grouping of names.

In conclusion, I tender my very hearty thanks to all the numerous and courteous friends and correspondents who, in any manner, by furnishing facts and data, or otherwise, have aided me in the prolonged and laborious task of compiling and preparing this book.

JOHN W. HAYLEY.

271 Gorham St., Lowell, Mass., Oct., 1899.

HALEY FAMILY.

There is a tradition—I know not how well founded—that the Haley or Hayley family in this country owe their origin to three brothers who, many years ago, came over from the west of England. This tradition, if I mistake not, was related to me, near half a century since, by a very aged and intelligent member of the family.

With reference to the spelling of the name, there is considerable diversity. It has been written Haley, Hailey, Hayley, Haile, Hally, Halley, Hele, and, in one of "York Deeds," is spelled Hallye! It may be that Healy, Heley, and Healey are but variations of the original name. From ancient records I have gathered that a very common form of old-time spelling was "Hayley." The poet, William Hayley, Cowper's friend, adopted this form of the patronymic, and the writer hereby confesses his own preference for this form of the family name.

The derivation of the name is variously given in biographical dictionaries and by other genealogical authorities. Some say that Hayley is from "hay" and "lea," as noting a hay-field,—like Hayward from "hay" and "ward." Others derive the name Haley or Hailey from "hail" and "y," thus giving the name a meteorological allusion. An authority states that "Hailey" or "Hayley" is the name of a certain "chapelry"—territory pertaining to a chapel—in Oxford County, England. If I mistake not, a town in England is named "Haileybury." Under the circumstances, there seems considerable latitude for one's personal preferences as to both the spelling and the derivation of the family name.

From Fairbairn on "Crests" (revised by Fox-Davies), we learn that the crest of the Haleys of London and Middlesex (Eng.) is "a goat's head erased arg. gorged with a chaplet gu."

That of the family in Sussex, "on a crescent arg. a cross patonce gu." And that of Hayley of Cleobury Mortimer, Shropshire, is "a crescent arg., charged with a cross pattée gu." This, of course, is intelligible only to those versed in heraldry.

It will be noted, moreover, that Shropshire, otherwise "Salop," is one of the westernmost counties of England, and bordering upon Wales. And from all I can gather, it is from the Hayley family of this western English county that my ancestors came.

It may be added that, though there are many Irish families bearing the names "Haley" and "Healey," I find no trace of Irish blood in the family to which I have the honor to belong. In an examination of lists comprising many hundred names of members of the family, I have found not one instance of distinctively Irish names, such as Patrick, Michael, Dennis, Bridget, and the like. This circumstance points almost indubitably to the non-Celtic origin of the family under consideration. To which we add that, early in the seventeenth century, at which time the Haleys made their appearance on our shores, Ireland was not as yet sending emigrants to this country. Emigration was then mainly English.

Although our field of view is chiefly restricted to Maine and New Hampshire, it may not be amiss to note the fact that John Haley, then resident in Hadley, Mass., married Mrs. Ruth Gaylord in 1681. It seems not improbable that he was a brother or near relative of the Maine pioneers to be mentioned later. We are also told that in 1640 William Haley was one of the settlers of the town of Reading, Mass.

It is also stated that there were Haleys in Boston, in Connecticut, and in New York at an early period (see at end of this genealogy); and that on May 21, 1635, "Matthew Heley" embarked in the "Matthew" of London, Richard Goddard, master, for St. Christophers, West Indies. What was the special attraction in this and the following instances we fail to see.

It is a matter of interest to add that Hotten, in his "Lists of Emigrants to America, 1600-1700," alludes to the burial of "Anthony Hayley," on June 30, 1679, in the parish of St. Michael's, Barbadoes.

The same author credits "Thomas Haley," about 1680, with the possession of 12 acres of land, in the parish of Christ Church, in the same W. I. island.

He also chronicles the fact that "Richard Heylei," aged 22, was, on March 16, 1634, licensed to sail from "Mildred, Bredstrete," to New England, in the "Chrystian," with White as Master.

(It might be queried how, if at all, this Richard was related to Andrew and Thomas of Maine, to be spoken of later on. Could he have been their father?)

Also, that "Ellen Haly," aged 55, was listed to sail in the "Primrose," from Gravesend for Virginia, on July 27, 1635.

In the "N. E. Hist. and Genealogical Register," Vol. 27, pp. 138-9, a large number of persons bearing the name of "Heley" are mentioned. Also, Savage, in his "Genealogical Dictionary," gives a large list of "Healeys,"—the variant forms, "Hale," "Heale," and "Hele," being occasionally found in the records.

And Mr. Farmer, in his "Genealogical Register," p. 140, enumerates the following persons:

Thomas Healey, Cambridge, 1635.
William Healey, Cambridge, 1645.

He gives the latter's children as follows: Hannah, Elizabeth, Sarah, William, Grace, Nathaniel, Martha, Samuel, Paul, and Mary—ten in number.

It may be queried whether the latter William was not the Reading settler above referred to. However interesting it might be, it would lead us too far afield to attempt to answer the various questions which naturally arise. For, as we do not propose to write a history of the entire family, but merely to include a special branch or two of it, we must not delay.

Just here it is proper to say that we have derived considerable aid from Ridlon's "Families and Settlements of Saco Valley," Portland, 1895. This book contains so much of good material that it ought to have been made a much better book. By severe condensation, by greater care in the verification of facts and dates, by more pains expended in tracing the relationship between different members and branches of the family, and

by a scrupulous adjustment of the chronology of events, the real value of the book might have been vastly increased.

We have also obtained information of importance from various old records at Kittery, Wells, Alfred, and other places; from Folsom's History of Saco, from Wheeler's History of Brunswick and Topsham, from Bourne's History of Wells, from Willis' History of Portland, from Mrs. E. C. Tooker of New York, historian of the Haley family; and from the records left by the late Samuel Gordon Haley of East Andover, N. H., who, by the way, was a classmate of the writer at Dartmouth College, 1860. These carefully prepared records are now in the archives of the Massachusetts Historic Genealogical Society in Boston.

In a word, no available source of information relative to the genealogy of the Haley family has been neglected. The beginnings of the family in northern New England, seem to have been at Kittery and Saco, Me. From these two foci the family has spread through Maine and New Hampshire, and, indeed, in several other States of the Union. We have found members of the family in Topsham, Gardiner, Saco, Alfred, Wells, and Kittery, Me.; in Portsmouth, Dover, Newmarket, Exeter, Epping, Andover, Wolfboro', and Tuftonboro', N. H.; not to enumerate other towns and cities "too numerous to mention."

The earliest Haleys with whom this sketch has chiefly to do lived in the seventeenth century. They were THOMAS HALEY of Saco, and ANDREW HALEY of Kittery, Me. They were cotemporaries, and, it is supposed, brothers, or, at all events, nearly related. Whether they themselves were emigrants or the sons of emigrants does not yet appear.

Savage mentions a William Haley, of Roxbury, formerly of Lynn, who died in 1683, aged 70, and therefore was born in 1613. May not this William be the one whom Farmer mentions as a resident of Cambridge in 1645? And may not Thomas Healey (or Haley), whom Farmer locates at Cambridge in 1635, have been the father of THOMAS and ANDREW above mentioned, who may have gone in early manhood from the vicinity of Boston to Saco and Kittery? And may not the first emigrant ancestor of the Haley family have landed at Lynn or at Ipswich, as did the

ancestor of the Piper family? We look to see these questions answered in Mrs. Tooker's forthcoming book.

THOMAS HALEY appeared in Saco at a date not precisely settled, but previous to 1650. In 1653 this man was one of those who, in writing, promised submission to the government of Massachusetts; and, in the same year, he was granted "2 akers of marsh" at the division of public lands by the selectmen of the town of Saco. And, in 1681, the town granted to Thomas Haley enough additional land to make his house lot equal to 50 acres. In 1673, Thomas Haley was conducting a ferry across the Saco, near its mouth. And the court ordered that he should furnish "a good sufficient boat," capable of carrying three horses over at a time.

John West, an early settler, was living in Saco in 1638, but, about 1659, he removed to Wells, where he died in 1663. In 1653 Thomas Haley married Mary, the daughter of John West. She died in 1658, quite suddenly. There does not seem to have been an overflowing cordiality between the father-in-law and Thomas; since, in his will, West bequeathed certain property to his grandchildren, naming William Cole of Wells trustee for them, with the curt but explicit proviso that "their father, Thomas Haley, shall have nothing to do with it." Thomas, however, had property of his own; for, about 1684, he transfers his property to his son Thomas, "my only beloved son." With regard to Thomas and Mary (West) Haley: this couple had four children—Ann, Lydia, Samuel, and Thomas. According to Savage and Folsom, the son, Thomas, Jr., "Sergeant Haley," was killed by the Indians near Saco Fort, late in the Summer of 1695. He, with other soldiers, ventured out of the fort, to cut some wood. While thus engaged, they were attacked by the savages, and he was slain.

It is also related that the father, Thomas, Sr., was slaughtered by the same enemy in 1724, at Winter Harbor. The story goes that the redskins tolled him into the woods, near sunset. Having killed his cow, they took her bell, and tinkled it so skilfully as to make him think that she was receding from him. When they had enticed him to a sufficient distance, they dispatched him, and cut his body into pieces, as a butcher cuts up a hog! We sup-

pose they must have owed him a peculiar grudge, for some reason.

It may be added that Thomas, Jr., is said to have married Sarah Meyer, though the date of the marriage is not known to the writer. There is reason for believing that the couple had several children, as may be inferred from "York Deeds."

From "N. H. Hist. Coll." we learn that, in 1790, "Thomas Hayley" was living at Exeter, N. H., at the age of 98. There is a well authenticated tradition that, up to within three or four years of his death, this hardy old man was accustomed, once each Summer, to swim across the river near his home, and to return in the same way.

We judge that he was a son of Thomas, Jr., the "Sergeant," above mentioned. He seems to have been born in 1692, some three years before his father's tragic end. Authorities generally agree that the posterity of Thomas, Sr., in later generations, was very numerous, but they have become so intermingled, in the process of the years, with the descendants of his cotemporary ANDREW, that it is indeed difficult, if not impossible, to draw the line of division, and say which is which.

There are a large number of Haleys in the State of Maine, and elsewhere, who may be descendants of either of the pioneers, so far as appears. In the following sketch, we shall deal chiefly with the Kittery line.

FIRST GENERATION.

ANDREW HALEY of Kittery seems to have had his residence in that part of the town known as "Spruce Creek." Unfortunately but few incidents of his life and career are left on record. Some have asserted, though we do not credit it, that "Haley's Island," one of the "Isles of Shoals," was named after this pioneer. His name appears in several deeds, and other documents, at intervals for a number of years. In a deed to Thomas Donill, dated Oct. 30, 1684, he is styled "Andrew Haley, fisherman of Spruce Creek." The date of his decease I have been unable to learn.

There is a tradition that Andrew and his family owned a large tract of land—a mile square—at "Spruce Creek." It is said

that the remains of the ancestral home of the Haleys are still to be seen at that place.

SECOND GENERATION.

ANDREW HALEY married Deborah, daughter of Gowan Willson, a prominent citizen of Kittery. Date of marriage unknown. Andrew received a "deed of gift" of real estate on June 2, 1684.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Andrew, Jr., m. Elizabeth, daughter of Humphrey Scammon, July 25, 1697.

Anna, m. Richard Westgate.

Deborah, m. Richard Crockitt.

Deliverance, m. George Berry.

Arodas, m. Samuel Skillan.

Elizabeth, m. Nicholas Hillieur.

THIRD GENERATION.

ANDREW, JR., m. Elizabeth Scammon.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Elizabeth, b. June 25, 1698; m. Peter Lewis, Dec. 29, 1726.

Andrew, 3d, b. Jan. 22, 1700; m. Mary Briar of Kittery, Aug. 7, 1727; d. 1775. His will proved, Jan. 25, 1776.

William, b. Feb. 17, 1704; died early, unmarried.

Samuel, b. Feb. 17, 1706; m. Grace Lewis, Nov. 21, 1733; their son Samuel bapt. Mar. 21, 1751.

Sarah, b. April 7, 1709; m. Joseph Weeks of Kittery, April 23, 1726.

John, b. June 14, 1712; m. ———.

Rebecca, b. 1714; m. Charles Smith, July 19, 1735.

FOURTH GENERATION.

ANDREW, 3D, married Mary Briar.

THEIR CHILDREN.

John, b. June 20, 1737; m. Mary Malcom; settled in Hollis, Me.; d. 1816.

Joseph, b. 1738; m. Mary Goodwin; d. in 1800; lived in Topsham.

Richard, bapt. July 5, 1741; m. Mary Leavitt; settled in Alfred; served in the Revolutionary Army, and died Jan. 25, 1829, aged 88 years. In January, 1766, Richard Haley, with Walter Neal and others, petitioned the Legislature for a bridge over the river at a place called "New Fields." (N. H. Provincial Papers, Vol. IX., pp. 594–5.)

Andrew, 4th, b. ———; m.; settled in Kittery.

Mary, b. ———; m. Runlet.

Elizabeth, b. ———; m. Samuel Neal of Stratham, Feb. 7, 1754.

[This couple were among the ancestors of Mrs. Mary Neal Hanaford of Chadwick, Ill., a lady who is much interested in the history and genealogy of the Neal family.]

JOHN, m. ——— ———.

THEIR CHILDREN.

The names of nine are recorded, but I have the name of but one. That one, Robert, m. Elizabeth Parker, Sept. 10, 1772. And their son, Robert, Jr., became the founder of a family in Tuftonboro', N. H., which will be noticed later on. It may be added that William, the brother of Robert, Jr., was the great-grandfather of Mrs. E. C. Tooker, the historian of the Haley Family. The line of descent is as follows: William above named married Nancy Doane in 1807. They had four children. Of these, John Doane Haley married Mary J. Jones, and they had four children. Of these latter, Christina J. married John W. Stimson, and they had two children. Of the latter, Maude W., born Oct. 9, 1863, married Edmund C. Tooker, Dec. 8, 1886. They have three children. Mrs. Tooker is gathering, with great zeal and diligence, materials for the History of the Haley Family. Her P. O. address is 68 West Fortieth Street, New York City.

FIFTH GENERATION.

JOHN HALEY, m. Mary Malcom.

THEIR CHILDREN.

According to Ridlon, they had five children, of whom Capt William was one. He went to Hollis in 1795, and died there in 1863. It is stated that Capt. William had eleven children.

JOSEPH, m. Mary Goodwin of Wells; moved to Brunswick, and later to Topsham, where he died in May, 1800.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Susanna, Joseph, Mary, (m. Goodwin of Wells), Joshua, John, (b. in 1777), Samuel, Moses.

[Another JOSEPH HALEY was a resident of Topsham, and followed the clothier's trade, being known as "Fuller Haley." He was a contemporary of the Joseph above named, who married Mary Goodwin, and was related to him, but I know not in what degree.

This JOSEPH m Esther Towns, of Kennebunk, and they had twelve children:

John, b. May 4, 1777; m. Milliken.
Olive, b. Jan. 22, 1779; m. Obed Burnham.
Jesse, b. Sept. 8, 1780; unmarried.
Susanna, b. Oct. 8, 1783; m. David Foster.
Sarah, b. July 22, 1784; m. Actor Wilson.
Joseph, b. Dec. 6, 1785; m. Towns of Kennebunk.
Esther, b. May 6, 1787; m. Timothy Foster.
Rebecca, b. Dec. 1, 1788; unmarried.
James, b. Oct. 26, 1790; m. Lois Durell.
Abigail, b. Aug. 2, 1793; unmarried.
Abner, b. Mar. 30, 1795.
Ruth, b. Nov. 4, 1796; unmarried.

For sketches of Capt. Peletiah of Topsham, with other Haleys, the reader is referred to Wheeler's "History of Brunswick and Topsham," and for accounts of Benjamin Haley, a very prominent citizen, and others of the name in Saco, one may consult Folsom's "History of Saco and Biddeford." It should be

added that the Saco Haleys seem mainly or wholly to have sprung from Thomas, rather than from Andrew Haley, although there has been more or less of intermixture of the two lines in the process of time.]

RICHARD married Mary Leavitt, and settled at first in Kittery, and later in Alfred. By his father's will, dated 1777, he received certain lands and buildings in Kittery and Berwick, and was named the sole executor of the will.

Mary Leavitt, it is said, was related to one branch of the family, which formerly lived in Tuftonboro', N. H.—the Leavitts who lived on the "Mountain Road," so called, but I cannot state the precise relationship.

CHILDREN OF RICHARD AND MARY.

Andrew, b. ———; m. ——— Abbott; settled in Shapleigh Me.; d. ———.

William, b. abt. 1765; m. Lois Ricker of Coxhall (now Lyman) abt. 1790–91; d. April, 1830.

Nathaniel, b. ———; m. Sarah Barter of Alfred; moved to Parsonsfield, where he died. His family seem to have removed to Cornish, where some of his descendants are still residing.

Richard, b. ———; m. Mehitable Hutchins of Kennebunk Port; lived and died in Alfred.

Nancy, b. ———; m. an Abbott; moved to Shapleigh, and died there.

Mary (Polly), b. Mar. 19, 1780; m. Joseph Averill, July 13, 1808, as his third wife; settled in Berwick, Me.; died in Lowell, Mass. (By the three wives Mr. Averill was the father of nineteen children.)

Susan (Sukey), b. Jan., 1783; m. Jonathan Trafton; passed her life in Alfred, and died July 17, 1881, aged 98 years and 6 months.

Betsey, b. Nov., 1785; m. Samuel Trafton; lived in Alfred, and died Dec. 23, 1876, aged 91 years and 1 month.

From this venerable lady, the writer obtained, many years since, numerous items of genealogical information of the highest value.

RICHARD HALEY, SR., was, as noted above, a soldier in the American Revolution. From records preserved in the archives at Augusta, Me., and at Boston, Mass., I gather the following items:

It appears that he enlisted subsequent to Jan. 1, 1781, at which time the general government took charge of enlistments. His service was in "the Massachusetts line," as the records state. He received a pension of $96 a year, beginning with April 8, 1818, and died, as above stated, on Jan. 25, 1829, at the age of 88 years.

It is rather singular that another "Richard Haley" was also a soldier in the Revolutionary Army, hailing, apparently, from Cornish, in New Hampshire. He was Sergeant in Col. Jonathan Chase's regiment, and marched with his comrades to reinforce the garrison at Ticonderoga in 1777.

I have been unable to learn anything with regard to the lineage of this Richard Haley.

SIXTH GENERATION.

ANDREW, m. an Abbott, and settled in Shapleigh.

THEIR CHILDREN.

It is said that eleven children were born to this couple, but I have the name of Clara only, who was reported a resident of Dover, N. H some years since.

WILLIAM, m. Lois Ricker, and settled, first, in Alfred; then, in 1797, when his daughter Elsie was an infant, he moved to Tuftonboro' Neck, N. H. Later the family lived near the "Nineteen Mile Brook," so called; finally removing to the Old Hill, now styled "Mount Pleasant," where William and his wife died.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Betsey, b. in Alfred about 1793; m. Rev. John Walker, May 7, 1820; moved later to Ossipee, N. H.; had one daughter, Betsey, who m. Cyrus Hanson, and d. without children. Mr. Walker d. in Ossipee in May, 1870, and his wife d. Nov. 16, 1888, at the age of 95.

Elsie, b. in Alfred, May 22, 1797; m. Samuel Piper, Nov. 6, 1822; had five children; d. May 4, 1895, aged 98 years, lacking eighteen days.

(See further particulars under "Piper Genealogy.")

Sally, b. in Tuftonboro', N. H., June 21, 1799; m. David Piper in 1820; had seven children; d. Sept. 9, 1876.

(See further under "Piper Genealogy.")

Thatcher, b. April 7, 1801; d. of typhus fever at Danvers, Mass., Sept. 3, 1822.

William, b. May 29, 1803; d. of typhus fever at Danvers, Aug. 14, 1822. The certificate of the undertaker, Thomas Boden of Danvers, shows that, owing no doubt to the contagious nature of the fever, William was buried on the very day of his decease. I think that the same was true of Thatcher. The sudden death of these two sons in their early manhood was a life-long sorrow to their afflicted mother.

John Smith, b. Sept. 11, 1805; m. Mary Neal, daughter of Timothy and Hannah (Neal) Piper, on Dec. 20, 1832; d. April 26, 1884, aged 78 years. They had six children.

Enoch, b. Oct. 31, 1807; m. Cynthia, daughter of Francis and Abigail (Wiggin) Piper, on May 4, 1834; d. July 31, 1894. Two children.

Louisa, b. Mar. 7, 1810; m. George W. Davis of New Durham, in March, 1840; d. June 19, 1883. Two children. Mr. Davis was born May 29, 1808, and died June 9, 1865.

Grandfather WILLIAM, in 1806, was commissioned as Ensign in the 27th Regiment of militia, his commission bearing date of June 6th, and being signed by Gov. John Langdon of N. H. Grandfather is said to have been some six feet in height, weighing about 180 pounds; with dark hair and eyes, and alert and active in his movements. In his earlier manhood he labored as a ship carpenter in various ship yards along the coast, presumably in Kittery, York and Wells. In 1818 he purchased the Old Hill, in Tuftonboro', where he resided at the time of his death. The deed, dated Jan. 13, 1818, was given by Alexander Ladd of Portsmouth, one of the early Proprietors. Grandfather came to his end in a singular manner. He was working in a well, and a stone becoming detached at the top, fell, striking him on the

back, causing a wound which speedily developed into a malignant cancer, resulting in his death after months of suffering.

NATHANIEL, brother of William, b. in Kittery; m. Sarah Barter of Alfred; d. in Parsonsfield.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Benjamin, m. Betsey Sargent, and had three children,—Harrison (m. Mary Whitten, and had six children), Sarah (m. John Linscott of Cornish, and had three children), Abbie (m. Andrew J. Woodman of Wilmington, Del., and had three children).

Lydia, m. Paul Pendexter, and had nine children.

Polly, m. Noah Weeks, and had seven children.

Nancy, died unmarried.

RICHARD, m. Mehitable Hutchins. Born, I judge, in Kittery; lived and died in Alfred.

THEIR CHILDREN.

John, m. a Gerry; had one son, Joseph G.; d.

Leavitt, m. Lucy Going. They had six children,—Charles, Timothy, Louisa J., Hannah A., Richard, Frank.

Andrew, m. Lydia Tripp. Four children,—Alonzo, Lydia F., Ferdinand O., Alfred L.

Mary married Nathaniel Leach, and died many years since.

Susan, b. 1809 or 1810, m. John Lewis, and had three children,—Hannah J. (m. Paul Webber in 1855; had one son, Eugene L.), Abbie M., not married, Mary L., m. Roberts.

Mr. Lewis was the only son of Morgan Lewis, Jr, who married Mary Shorey of Wolfeboro', N. H., presumably the sister of John Shorey, the first of the name in that town. Morgan, Jr., was the youngest son of Major Morgan Lewis of the Revolutionary Army.

Nancy, m. an Abbott; settled in Shapleigh, Me.; had twelve children, namely:

James H., resident of Great Falls, N. H.

William, resident of Boston, Mass.

Richard, resident of Portland, Me.
Mary A. Ham, resident of Shapleigh, Me.
Nancy Wherrin, resident of Kittery, Me.,
Susan Webber, resident of Shapleigh, Me.
Alice Tiney, resident of Wenham, Mass.
Andrew, resident of Portland, Me.
Lucretia Woodsum, resident of Peterboro', Me.
Nathaniel, resident of Shapleigh, Me.
Philena, resident of Wenham, Mass.
John, d. in Havana, Cuba.

In the case of five of the daughters in this list, I have given their names as they stood after marriage.

MARY, m. Joseph Averill, and settled in Berwick.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Rachel, b. Feb. 8, 1810; m. Siner; no children; d. in Lowell, Mass.

Eliza, b. Mar. 25, 1811; m. John Livingstone; no children. He died in Lowell, and she died in Beverly.

Susan, b. Aug. 7, 1812; m. Judge Pillsbury, and lived in Penola, Ill.

William, b. Mar. 20, 1814; lived in Springfield, Mass.

Alexander, b. Sept. 19, 1815.

Nathaniel, b. Jan. 2, 1818; lived in Leepertown, Ill.

Joseph, b. July 1, 1819; lived in Springfield, Mass.

Samuel, b. Dec. 7, 1820; lived in Springfield.

Richard, b. Sept. 6, 1823; d. in Penola, Ill.

Mary (Haley) Averill, the mother, died in Lowell, Mass., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Livingstone.

BETSEY, m. Samuel Trafton, and lived in Alfred.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Olive, who died early.

John, m. Betsey Jewett; settled in Alfred. Three children, —Samuel, Olive and Lizzie.

Lorenzo (M. D.), deceased.

Susan, m. Jonathan Trafton, and settled in Alfred.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Henrietta, m. Nathaniel Leach. They lived in Kennebunk Port.

Abiel Gardner, m. (1) Susan Allen, (2) Hannah, her sister, (3) Lydia Lewis. One child by each wife. Dr. Clark was son of first wife, and Dr. Alonzo, now of Boston, was son of the second.

Theodore, m. —— ——; lived in the Aroostook country, I believe.

Susan, m. (1) Wormwood, (2) Larrabee; settled in Kennebunk Port.

Hannah, m. James Bean; children, Lorenzo and Charles. She died in July, 1899.

SEVENTH GENERATION.

Betsey Haley, m. Rev. John Walker.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Betsey, b. ————; m. Cyrus Hanson; d. ————.

Elsie, m. Samuel Piper.

THEIR CHILDREN.

(See "Piper Genealogy.")

Sally, m. David Piper.

THEIR CHILDREN.

(See "Piper Genealogy.")

John Smith Haley, m. Mary Neal Piper.

THEIR CHILDREN.

John William, b, June 8, 1834; m., Nov. 12, 1860, Caroline S., daughter of Titus V. Wadsworth of Franklin, N. H., graduate of Mt. Holyoke Seminary, class of 1859.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Clarence Park, b. Jan. 6, 1863; d. Dec. 6, 1865.
Ernest Hutchinson, b. Aug. 8, 1864; d. Mar. 23, 1868.
Herman Wadsworth, b. May 7, 1867; d. Sept. 24, 1899.

Eugene, b. Mar. 19, 1869; d. Mar. 20, 1873.
Cora Evelyn, b. Oct. 2, 1870.
Alice Warde, b. Dec. 12, 1872.
Mabel Rosalind, b. Oct. 3, 1874; d. Sept. 26, 1875.
Ferdinand H., b. June 14, 1879.
Grace, b. Sept. 28, 1881; d. Sept. 30.

[John W., graduated at Dart. Coll. 1860; Andover Sem. 1864; published "Discrepancies of the Bible," 1874; "Hereafter of Sin," 1881; edited and collaborated Lowell Hebrew Club's "Translation of the Book of Esther, with Notes and Excursuses," 1885. He has nearly ready for the press "Fancies and Follies of the Middle Ages," and a treatise on the Accumulation of Wealth. His son, Herman W. (Amherst Coll., 1887, and Ph. D., Harvard), published "Introduction to the Verse of Terence," 1894; contributed Pp. 437–485 to Lane's Latin Grammar; and in 1898 published an elaborate critical edition of the "Alcestis" of Euripides. He died in Boston, Sept. 24, 1899. At the time of his decease, he was Professor of Latin in Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn.; and had begun the preparation of a critical edition of the Latin poet Terence. He had also contributed to "Harvard Studies" and other learned periodicals.]

Hannah Elisabeth, b. July 18, 1836; d. Sept. 4, 1838.

Mary Eleanor, b. Sept. 5, 1838; m. Rev. Hiram C. Duganne, May 19, 1861. He died June 14, 1885. In July, 1870, Mr. Duganne took charge of the "Ministry-at-Large," in Lowell, Mass., which position he filled most efficiently and creditably for fifteen years, until his decease. During this period he was ably seconded by his devoted wife, who continued in the benevolent work nearly two years after the death of her husband. They had no children.

Timothy Avans, M. D., b. July 24, 1840; served in the Civil War in Co. K, 12th Reg., N. H. V.; afterwards graduated from Dart. Med. Coll., 1867; m. Corinne C. Pierce of Dighton, Mass., Dec. 19, 1869; practised medicine in his native town successfully for some thirty years. They have no children.

Joshua Makenzie, b. July 11, 1843. Is unmarried, and living in Tuftonboro', on the homestead.

Hannah Elisabeth, 2d, b. Nov. 24, 1845; grad. Bates Coll., Me., 1873; "Christ. Biblical Institute," N. Y., 1877; afterwards a successful evangelist in N. E., the Middle States, and, to some extent, in the West. Large numbers of persons professed conversion under her faithful ministrations. She died in Lowell, Mass., Dec. 21, 1897.

ENOCH HALEY, m. Cynthia Piper.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Frank, Rev. and M. D., b. Feb. 20, 1835; grad. Dart. Med. Coll., 1858; Andover Theo. Sem., 1863; m. (1) on Dec. 21, 1857, Rhoda J. Hayes, (b. Oct. 1, 1840; d. Feb. 23, 1877); (2) Susan Plummer, on May 1, 1878.

Children, by first marriage — Mary Lillian, b. Sept. 25, 1858; m. Albert L. Hunt, Dec. 21, 1882; d. in Boston, April 16, 1891; Agnes Cynthia, b. Jan. 29, 1864. By second marriage — Susan Plummer, b. in Seabrook, N. H., Sept. 15, 1879.

In his twofold capacity Dr. Frank has been able to minister effectively to both the physical and the spiritual needs of the community. He is a resident of Milton, N. H., and is librarian of the Nute Library in that town.

Abbie H., b. April 12, 1847; m. John W. Parker, Dec. 23, 1869. One son, Ralph Samuel, b. ———.

LOUISA, m. George W. Davis of New Durham; afterwards removed to Moultonboro', N. H.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Charles Woodbury, b. Jan. 9, 1842; m. Sarah S. Fernald, May 28, 1871. They have no children. Mr. Davis is a well known and prosperous business man, now residing at Melvin Village, N. H.

Ruth, b. July 19, 1847; d. Jan. 19, 1869. She died unmarried.

ROBERT HALEY, JR., a descendant of ANDREW of Spruce Creek, was the founder of a family of Haleys in Tuftonboro'.

His line of descent is as follows: Andrew (1), Andrew, Jr. (2), John (3), Robert (4), Robert, Jr. (5).

ROBERT, SR., m. Elizabeth Parker, Sept. 10, 1772.

ROBERT, JR., b. in Kittery, Dec. 22, 1778; killed on railroad near So. Berwick, Feb. 20, 1845. He married (1) Nancy Shillaber, of Portsmouth, March 14, 1802; (2) Mrs. Sally (Whitehouse) Wiggin. First wife b. July 25, 1779; d. Jan. 23, 1832. All the children were by the first marriage, and all are dead.

SIXTH GENERATION.

ROBERT HALEY, JR., m. Nancy Shillaber.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Eliza, b. in Eliot, Me., Dec. 22, 1802.

Shillaber, b. in Rochester, N. H., July 15, 1804

Abel, b. in Rochester, N. H., Oct. 23, 1808; d. in Wolfeboro', Aug. 8, 1880.

Twin boys died in infancy.

Parker, b. in Tuftonboro', N. H., Sept. 20, 1815.

Nathaniel, b. in Tuftonboro', N. H., May 10, 1818.

John, b. in Tuftonboro', N. H., May 2, 1820.

Nancy S., born in Tuftonboro', N. H., Nov. 18, 1823; d. July 16, 1869.

SEVENTH GENERATION.

ABEL HALEY, m. (1) Mrs. Edith (Dodge) Tibbetts, Dec. 25, 1831. She was born in Beverly, Mass., Mar. 17, 1799, and died in Tuftonboro', N. H, June 17, 1850. He married (2) Mrs. Lucinda C. (Piper) Pinkham, daughter of Adjutant John Piper. The children were all by the first marriage, and all born in Tuftonboro'.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Abel, b. Aug. 27, 1832, d. Oct. 6, 1834.

Nancy S., b. Jan. 6, 1834, d. Mar. 14, 1871; m. Edwin Livingstone, Nov. 14, 1866; no children.

Abel S., b. Mar. 30, 1835; d. April 14, 1891; m. Laura A. French, Sept. 28, 1862; two children,—Fred H., b. Jan. 6, 1872; Blanche, b. Dec. 28, 1876.

Lydia C., b. Nov. 14, 1836; m. Hazeltine Wiggin, Aug., 1859. No children. Mr. Wiggin died some years since.

Levi T., b. June 20, 1838; m. Mary L. Evans, Feb. 15, 1879. One son, Abel, b. April 19, 1880. Levi was for some years sheriff of Carroll Co.

James D., b. Nov. 17, 1839; m. Clara Colbar, May 6, 1886. Three children,—Paul, b. May 8, 1887; Edith D., b. Nov. 24, 1888; Russell, b. Aug., 1894.

Edith D., b. Mar. 30, 1842; m. Wm. H. Cate, June 1, 1862. One son, Fred H., b. Sept. 23, 1867. Manchester, N. H.

Sarah E., b. June 1, 1845; unmarried.

ABEL, SR., was a prominent citizen, and held many offices of responsibility during his residence in Tuftonboro' and Wolfeboro'.

JOHN, brother of the last named, m. (1) Sarah Barker of Stratham; (2) Mrs. Margaret (Whitney) Bartlett.

THEIR CHILDREN.

By first wife,—Charles, and two daughters, names unknown to me.

By second wife,—a daughter, Ida, recently deceased.

Residence of family, Tuftonboro', N. H.

Much more might be said concerning the descendants of ANDREW HALEY, the old-time dweller at "Spruce Creek," Kittery, but our limits will not permit.

We revert, for a few moments, to THOMAS HALEY of Saco, and his numerous posterity.

Samuel Gordon Haley, previously mentioned, author of the excellent MS. sketch of a branch of the Haley Family, was a descendant of the Saco pioneer. He was the son of THOMAS and Eliza (Whicher) Haley of East Andover, N. H. I believe that Thomas was born in Epping, and his wife in Wentworth, N. H.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Samuel Gordon, b. May 7, 1832; d. Jan. 14, 1881. He graduated at Dart. Coll. 1860; m. Anna M. Meeker, June 30, 1874;

taught successfully in Illinois and Michigan; d. at Oshtemo, Mich., as above.

Elizabeth J., b. May 20, 1834.

Thomas Jefferson, b. July 7, 1836.

George Henry, b. Aug. 9, 1838.

Harriette Maria, b. Jan. 21, 1841.

As intimated above, the Haleys of the Isles of Shoals, and, we may add, those of Newmarket, Exeter, Dover, Epping and Andover, N. H., seem to be mainly or wholly descendants of the Saco pioneer.

JOHN WEST HALEY, a prominent citizen of Saco, and connected with the "Dyer Library," may be a descendant of Thomas, but as to this I am not certain.

A prominent family in Kittery, Me., the Bellamys, are of the same lineage. The line of descent is given as follows:—

THOMAS, of Saco, killed 1724.

THOMAS, JR., killed 1695.

THOMAS, 3D, of Exeter, b. 1692; d. 1790.

[Doubtless it was this "Thomas Hayley" who, in connection with Robert Neal and many other citizens of southern N. H., in April, 1776, at the instance of the "Committee of Public Safety" (Hon. Meshech Weare, Pres.), pledged himself in writing to resist the hostile attempts of Great Britain.]

THOMAS, 3D, m. ——— ———, and they had four children. Of these, Samuel King Haley was born in 1727, and died in 1811. He was very prominent and influential in the affairs of the Isles of Shoals, where he seems to have been a resident for many years. He, in order to protect the harbor, built a sea wall 14 rods long, 13 feet high and 15 feet wide, between "Haley's Island" (formerly called "Smutty Nose") and the small rock on its north, known as "Malaga." For this work he received the thanks of the Massachusetts Legislature. His old watch is still in existence in Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. Ridlon mistakes in attribut-

ing the building of the sea wall to ANDREW, of Kittery. "King Sam" was the builder, near the beginning of the present century.

SAMUEL KING m. Mary Orne. The couple had twelve children, of whom Tamsen, b. 1769, was the ninth. She married John Bellamy, and they had ten children. Of these, the ninth, Charles G., "Captain Bellamy," as he was styled, married Fannie Keane. They lived in the "Sir William Pepperell mansion" in Kittery, and had nine children, several of whom were the writer's pupils many years since.

The late JACOB BURLEY of Tuftonboro', N. H., was, on his mother's side, of the lineage of THOMAS HALEY of Saco.

His parents were Jonathan and Sarah (Haley) Burley; and he was born in Wakefield, N. H., July 7, 1785, and died in Tuftonboro', May 31, 1867.

JACOB BURLEY, m. Susannah Dearborn, July 4, 1809.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Elizabeth, m. Dearborn Copp.
Jonathan Haley, m. ——— Tibbetts.
Bradley, m. (1) —— Pray, (2) Hannah Wiggin.
Susan, m. Samuel Remick.
Sarah A., m. (1) Langdon Copp, (2) Andrew L. Hersey.

Many other very interesting lines of relationship, both direct and collateral, might be traced out, would our space permit. It is sufficient to say that through intermarriages, in the process of years, the most curious and unlooked for relationships continually arise.

But for the further discussion of this interesting topic we must respectfully refer the reader to Mrs. Tooker's forthcoming History of the Haley Family.

Relative to the Hayleys, or Haleys, of New York, we add the following items, furnished by Mr. A. Forbes, of Rochester, N. Y.:

In the Marriage Register of Trinity Church, New York City, is found this notice:—"Gilbert Forbes and Philenda Hayley, April 28, 1748." This couple were the great-great-grandparents of Mr. Forbes. They had a large family of sons and daughters; the third child, a son, being the great-grandfather of our correspondent, and the second, a daughter, named Jemima.

As a possible clue to the parentage of Philenda, above-named, the "Register of Freemen of New York City" has this notice: "July 12, 1720, Jemima Haley, widow." On this statement Mr. Forbes remarks: "In those days, it was quite the custom to name a child after its grandparent, and consequently I think it likely that Jemima, daughter of Philenda, was the granddaughter of Jemima Haley, widow, and so was named after her."

Every one familiar with old-time records is aware that a slight difference in the spelling of a name is of little or no account. In many cases, the writer was, so far as spelling was concerned, a law unto himself.

It may be added that Philenda Forbes (formerly Hayley) appears as a witness at a baptism, as late as 1774.

It occurs as a possible suggestion that the earliest Haleys, previously noted as migrating from England to the West Indies, may have come later to New York, and after that, some of them removing to New England, may have become the founders of the families described in this book. That is to say, instead of coming direct from London to some seaport of New Hampshire or Maine, they may have come by the way of the West Indies, New York, and Boston.

On a previous page, we have indicated our preference for a peculiar form of the family name, and expressed our opinion that the Haleys are, in all probability, of western English origin.

A recent incident mentioned in the newspapers points to the same conclusion. In the late battle between the British and the Boers at Elandslaagte, South Africa, "Lieut. Hayley," of the First Devonshire Regiment, was reported among the wounded. Devonshire, it will be remembered, is one of the westernmost counties of England.

PIPER FAMILY.

Many of the facts relative to the earlier Pipers, which are recorded in this little book, have been culled from the Piper Genealogy, published by the late Horace Piper, Esq., of Washington, D. C., a work which reflects great credit upon its lamented author's enterprise, perseverance, and painstaking accuracy. Unfortunately, however, the work mentions only two or three individuals of the very numerous Wolfeboro' and Tuftonboro' (N. H.), Pipers — a large and respectable branch of the family, in which the writer of these pages is specially interested. Hence I have been compelled to look up the genealogy of this branch *de novo*. The investigation has been a protracted and laborious one. Family records, court and probate records have been searched, moss-grown epitaphs have been deciphered, family histories have been consulted, hundreds of letters have been written, and the memories of the aged have been explored, in the endeavor to obtain facts and data for this sketch. In a word, no pains nor expense within reasonable limits has been spared in our undertaking.

And the following pages represent the net results of our inquiries and investigations. While we lay no claim to absolute accuracy in every instance, we believe that we have attained a reasonable degree of certainty.

It is believed that the Pipers of Great Britain and America are descended from Magnus Piper, of Neustadt, whose ancestors were from Lübeck, Germany. Burke, in his Armory, mentions seven families of Pipers, in various counties of England, who have the legal right to bear a coat of arms.

One of the families, the Culliton family — so-called from the town of that name in the County of Devonshire — is of special

interest to us, as will be seen later. The "coat of arms" borne by this family is thus given by Burke: "Quarterly, embattled gold and ermine, over all an eagle displayed sable, quartering azure, two chevrons gold." And the motto is, *Feroci fortior*, "More brave than fierce."

The "crest" of this family is thus given by Fairbairn on "Crests" (Fox-Davies' revision), p. 358, "A cubit arm encircled with a wreath of laurel ppr., holding in the hand a boar's head fesseways erased sa." Motto, the same as given above.

This Culliton family seems to have been prolific in soldiers, several members of it having attained military distinction.

It is believed that the ancestor of the Pipers in America was connected with this family; at all events he hailed from the County of Devonshire.

FIRST GENERATION.

NATHANIEL PIPER, founder of the family in this country, was born in England about 1630. He came directly from Dartmouth, in Devonshire, and settled in Ipswich, Mass., as early as 1653. He became a land-holder in that town and vicinity, and died in 1676. His wife's first name has come down to us, but her maiden name is unknown.

After her husband's decease, she married Ezekiel Woodward, of Wenham, Mass., and probably died in that town.

SECOND GENERATION.

NATHANIEL PIPER married Sarah ———.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Sarah, b. about 1656; d. ———.

Nathaniel, b. 1658; d. about 1689.

Mary, b. 1660; d. in infancy.

Josiah, b. 1661; d. ———.

John, b. 1663; m. Lydia ———; d. probably in Wenham, Mass.

Mary, b. 1664; d. ———.

Thomas, b. Nov. 26, 1666; m. Grace Hawley, of Wenham, on Nov. 21, 1692; removed to Stratham, N. H., as appears, where he and his wife died.

Margaret, b. 1668; m. Tristram Greenleaf; d. ———.

Samuel, b. 1670; m. Abigail Church; removed to Stratham, N. H.; d. in 1747.

Jonathan, b. in Ipswich, in 1672; d. in Concord, Mass., in 1752. He married (1st) Sarah Leach, and (2d) Alice Darbey. The early records of Concord mention some thirty or more persons bearing the name of Piper.

William, probably b. in 1674; d. in childhood.

THIRD GENERATION.

THOMAS PIPER, m. Grace Hawley.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Thomas, b. in Wenham, Mass., Nov. 17, 1697; d. in Stratham. N. H.

Nathaniel, b. in Wenham, Jan. 22, 1701; d. in Stratham, Nov. 26, 1778.

Patience, b. in Ipswich, Mass., Feb. 25, 1703; d———.

SAMUEL PIPER, b. in Ipswich, June 12, 1670; m. Abigail Church, April 23, 1694. They removed to Stratham, N. H., where he died Oct. 31, 1747. He held several offices in the town.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Samuel, b. in Ipswich in 1701. He married Jane Cate, and lived in Stratham, N. H., till 1785, when he removed to Loudon, N. H., where he died about 1788. This couple had four children, one of whom, Jonathan, was the father of Elder Noah Piper of Stratham, and of John L. Piper, later of Wolfeboro'; and another was Elisha Piper, born in Stratham in 1746, but who later removed to Parsonsfield, Me., where he was one of the pioneers and an influential citizen of that town. Further particulars may be seen in Dearborn's History of Parsonsfield, and in Horace Piper's Genealogy of Elisha Piper, pp. 16-20.

FOURTH GENERATION.

NATHANIEL PIPER, m. Hannah (Goss?).

THEIR CHILDREN.

Nathaniel Piper, grandson of NATHANIEL, the emigrant, b. in Wenham, Mass., Jan. 22, 1701, d. in Stratham, N. H., Nov. 26, 1778. From the best information to be gathered from the Probate records of Exeter, and other sources, I am led to conjecture that his wife's maiden name was Hannah Goss. It appears that Nathaniel lived and died in Stratham, and held town offices there. Several of his sons went to Pembroke, then called "Suncook," N. H. After his decease, his widow appears to have gone to Pembroke, to live with her children. In her will, dated Dec. 18, 1779, and probated Jan. 26, 1780, she mentions the following children:

Daughters—Martha Thurston, Hannah Goss.

Sons—Thomas, Gideon, William, Benjamin (deceased), and Nathaniel, or Nathan (for the two names seem to have been used indifferently). Nathan was made sole executor of her estate. On Jan. 12, 1779, this same Nathaniel Piper of Pembroke had been appointed administrator of the estate of Nathaniel Piper, late of Stratham—his father, beyond any reasonable doubt.

As to several of the children above named, of NATHANIEL and Hannah Piper, we have scant information. Of the daughters we know only what is indicated above. The meagerness of our knowledge of circumstances and dates is largely due to the fact that the records at Stratham, the home of the Piper family, are scant and imperfect; and that, as we are credibly informed, *the oldest cemetery in that town has been ploughed up, and the tombstones carried off and destroyed!* Such vandalism deserves the severest condemnation.

THOMAS, apparently the oldest of the sons of NATHANIEL and Hannah, was born about 1730, or possibly a little earlier, in Stratham, and died in Wolfeboro', N. H., late in 1791. He married, about 1754, Abigail, daughter of David and Abigail Evans, of Concord, N. H. The younger Abigail, if the records are correct, with her brother John, was born Sept. 13, 1731.

Besides the twins, the couple seem to have had no other children. In May, 1746, David Evans and family belonged to the garrison at the house of Timothy Walker, Jr. It seems that Mr. Evans died soon after, as, in May, 1749, his widow, Abigail, re-appears as the second wife of Jacob Shute. By him she had two daughters, both of whom died young.

Another David Evans, perhaps son of the foregoing by a first wife, was Sergeant in Capt. Joseph Eastman's Co., Col. Joseph Blanchard's Reg., raised in 1755 for the expedition against Crown Point. Thomas Piper, who married Abigail Evans, served in the same regiment. Sergeant Evans was one of Rogers' Rangers, and was in the terrible fight at St. Francis, to be mentioned later. His statement (preserved in Bouton's History of Concord, to which we are much indebted,) as to the hardships endured by the soldiers, through fatigue, hunger, etc., while on the homeward march, is most pathetic.

The tradition concerning the first named Abigail Evans is sufficiently curious. It is that her maiden name was Ann Bruce (perhaps "Abby Ann"); that she came from Wales, and was related to the royal Bruce family of Scotland; that she married (1st) a man named Alger (then pronounced "Augur"), who was killed by the Indians; (2d) an Evans; (3d) a Shute. How much of truth there may be in the first portion of this tradition we cannot undertake to decide.

(For further particulars concerning the Alger, Aulger, or Augur family, see Willis' History of Portland, pp. 197, 198. Note.)

We conjecture that the Evans family was of Welsh origin. The early records of Dover, N. H., comprise the names of some forty persons bearing this surname, there spelled "Euenes." We also find a "William Evins" among the early settlers of Portsmouth, N. H., as far back as 1652.

The Evans family suffered severely at the hands of the savages. Belknap tells us that at Dover, on Sept. 15, 1725, the Indians killed Benjamin and William Evans, and knocked down and scalped John, who successfully feigned death, but afterwards recovered, and survived for fifty years. The savages also carried the lad Benjamin, Jr., into captivity.

[With reference to the fight at St. Francis above mentioned, this is to be noted: This village was the headquarters of the tribe of Indians bearing that name, who were the most cruel and implacable of savage foes. These demons incarnate, at the instigation of those treacherous and bloodthirsty bigots, the French Jesuits in Canada, committed the most horrible outrages upon the poor settlers in New England for many years. But the day of retribution came at last. On Oct. 3, 1759, Rogers' Rangers, some two hundred in number, swooped down upon this nest of devils, and utterly exterminated them. In this bloody den, the Rangers found about *six hundred scalps of men, women, and children*, taken from victims in the various settlements of New England.

The reader who wishes to pursue the subject further is referred to the pages of Belknap, Bouton, Drake, Hubbard, Mather, and Rev. John Pike.]

As noted above, Thomas Piper rendered faithful and patriotic service as a soldier in the "French and Indian War." The records in the Adjutant-General's office at Concord, N. H., give Thomas Piper's name in the list of the 1st Co. of Col. Joseph Blanchard's Regiment, "raised for an expedition against Crown Point in April, 1755—for which the Legislature appropriated thirty thousand pounds."

According to Belknap, these New Hampshire troops acquitted themselves with great bravery and fortitude, inflicting a heavy loss upon the combined Canadians and savages under Baron Dieskau. This noted victory was won on Sept. 8, 1755, and was followed by the total defeat of the enemy, and the capture of the Baron himself. So valuable were the services of the New Hampshire soldiers as scouts during this campaign, that they were almost constantly employed in this manner.

Thomas Piper above-mentioned is, however, not to be confounded with another Thomas Piper, probably a younger man, who went from Newmarket to Gilmanton, N. H., about the year 1762, and became one of the early settlers and landed proprietors of the latter township. The last-named Thomas served in the Revolutionary Army, 1775 to 1778; and on Feb. 15, 1778, he was "transferred to His Excellency's Guard." The army

records distinctly specify that it was the Gilmanton Thomas to whom this honor was accorded. This man had two sons and a daughter who settled with him in Gilmanton. His widow outlived him some years, and married Joseph Huckins in 1791.

What relationship, if any, existed between the two Thomases does not appear.

In what year our Thomas removed from his native Stratham to Pembroke is not known, but probably about the year 1762, at which date his brother Gideon made the same change of residence.

Mr. Benjamin Y. Piper, South Lee, N. H., aged 83, understands that his father, Adjutant John, was born in Stratham. His birth occurred in 1760; so that, at that date, the family of Thomas had apparently not as yet removed to Pembroke. It appears that both Thomas and Gideon were married before leaving their native town, Stratham.

In the early part of 1768, Thomas seems to have removed to Wolfeboro', where he lived till his decease, as above stated.

In August of that year, he bought, of Paul March of Portsmouth, what was afterwards known as the "Squire Meader place," about half a mile north of Wolfeboro' Bridge, where he lived for some two years. He sold this to Ebenezer Meader, and purchased later the "Fullerton place," on the right hand side of the road leading from "Goose Corner," over "Mason's hill," to Tuftonboro'. Here he spent the remainder of his days.

He was the first miller in the town, and had a grist-mill at what was afterwards known as "Mill Village." On account of the value of his services as miller, he was exempted from military duty in the Revolutionary Army.

In 1788, he and his son, David, purchased pews which the town sold in the meeting-house which had just been built at the expense of the public.

Thomas Piper was an influential and respected citizen of Wolfeboro', and held several town offices. Although the citizens felt that they could not spare their *miller*, yet, as we shall see, three of his sons, Thomas, David and John, served their country in the war of the Revolution.

Before pursuing further the history of Thomas, from whom I am descended, I will interrupt the narrative, and give the rather meager information, which I have been able to glean, concerning his brothers and sisters.

As to the sisters, we only know, as noted above, that **Martha** married a Thurston, and **Hannah** a Goss. Concerning them, we have no other information. Of the brothers, our knowledge is somewhat less scant.

Gideon Piper, apparently the second son of Nathaniel and Hannah, was born in Stratham, N. H., Sept. 7, 1741, and died in Meredith, May 18, 1816. He moved from Stratham to Pembroke in 1762. Here his children were born. About 1783, he moved to Meredith, where he spent the remainder of his days. He cleared a farm, and made a home for himself, on a hill overlooking North Sanbornton. In 1781, before leaving Pembroke, he was drafted for military service by Capt. Head, as the records show.

GIDEON m. (1) Mrs. Rachel (Sanborn) Griffith, Aug. 4, 1761; (2) Anna Chandler, in 1799; (3) Betsey Merrill, in 1810. By his first wife, he had five children :—

Abigail, b. Oct. 28, 1762; m. William Chase; had six children.

Anna, b. March 24, 1765; d. in Meredith, unmarried, Sept. 6, 1845.

Elisha, b. May 2, 1768; d. June 30, 1834. He was Captain of militia; m. (1) Mary Folsom; (2) Molly Plumer. He was father of seven children.

Daniel, b. Aug. 25, 1771; d. in Meredith April 1, 1814. He married Hannah Piper of Holderness, N. H.

Sarah, b. Feb. 25, 1774; m. Nathaniel Piper; moved to Holderness, and died there.

[The above facts pertaining to Gideon and his posterity are gathered largely from Runnells' History of Sanbornton, N. H., Vol. II., pp. 572-78.]

Of **William,** another son of the Stratham Nathaniel, I find no further trace. Presumably he lived and died in Stratham. Judging from his mother's will, he was alive in Dec., 1779.

Benjamin, a fourth son of Nathaniel and Hannah, died in Stratham previous to Jan. 8, 1779, as appears from the probate records. His mother's will mentions his "heirs," but does not give their names.

Nathaniel, or **Nathan**, fifth son of the same couple, seems to have moved to Pembroke, where he died previous to Feb. 20, 1788, at which date letters of administration were issued to his widow, Rachel Piper. This Nathaniel had a son, Nathaniel, Jr. In 1767, Nathaniel Piper, Sr., and Nathaniel Piper, with others, sent a petition from "Pembrook" to the Legislature praying for the appointment of a Justice of the Peace. In 1782, a similar petition bears, in addition, the name of Gideon Piper. In this case, one of the Nathaniels writes his name as "Nathan Piper," simply. In 1774, Benj. Piper, "Nath'l Piper," and "Nathaniel Pyper," again petition the Legislature. And, in 1769, Nathaniel Piper, of Pembroke, deeded to his son Nathaniel a certain tract of land in that town.

In Walker's History of Pembroke, I. 137, the names of Benjamin, Gideon, Nathaniel, and Samuel Piper are mentioned as those of Pembroke soldiers in the Revolutionary War.

We will now return from our digression, and resume the history of our ancestor, Thomas Piper, and his family.

FIFTH GENERATION.

THOMAS PIPER married Abigail Evans.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Thomas, b. April 4, 1756; d. Dec. 24, 1787.
David, b. Feb. 8, 1758; d. ———.
John, b. Jan. 17, 1760; d. April 20, 1830.
Mary, b. May 30, 1762; d. ———.
Susy, b. Jan. 17, 1765; d.———.
Lyford, b. April 20, 1766; d. when quite young.
Samuel G., b. Feb. 2, 1771; d. June 2, 1854.
Timothy, b. Jan. 21, 1774; d. April 27, 1851.

SIXTH GENERATION.

THOMAS, son of Thomas and Abigail (Evans) Piper, married ——— ———, and died, it is said, at the age of 31, shortly after his return from the war. In the Revolutionary Army, 1st Co., Col. Scammell's Regiment, 1777-79, I find the names of Thomas, David, and John Piper,—presumably the three brothers. On March 15, 1779, Maj. Caleb Gibbs' Corps of Guards comprised Thomas Piper of "Walsborough" (Wolfeborough).

I conjecture that this Thomas married a daughter of Ezekiel Dimond of Concord, N. H., four of whose sons served in the army of the patriots.

There is a tradition that a son of Thomas, named **Dimond Piper**, lost his life in the late Rebellion, but more probably it was a grandson, unless, indeed, the war referred to was that of 1812.

DAVID, another son of Thomas and Abigail Piper, married Molly Edmunds, sister of the late Joseph Edmunds of Wolfeboro', N. H. David lived and died in that town.

They had three daughters—**Sally, Mary,** and **Nabby**. The first died unmarried; Mary married William Clark, and Nabby his brother, Robert Clark. We believe that neither couple had children. David, as stated above, served in the army during the Revolution. In 1776, David and his brother John were in Capt. Jas. Gray's Co., Col. Alexander Scammell's Regiment; and, in 1781, David was Sergeant in Capt. Jacob Smith's Co. In 1777, David was Corporal in the Train Band under the command of Capt. John Sinclair.

In 1792, David Piper was a member of the committee chosen by the town to invite Rev. Ebenezer Allen to become pastor,—"Old Parson Allen," as we remember hearing aged people designate him.

In January of the same year, David was appointed administrator of the estate of his father, the late Thomas Piper of Wolfeboro'.

JOHN, brother of David, and commonly styled "Adjutant Piper," enlisted in the Revolutionary Army, at the age of 16, and, with his brothers, Thomas and David, served during the war. After his return from the army, he lived in Wolfeboro'

till 1806, when he removed to Tuftonboro', where he died in 1830. By two marriages, he became the father of the truly patriarchal number of 21 children—8 sons and 13 daughters. Of this large family, 19 afterward married, and all but two were present at their father's funeral.

He married (1) Jemima, daughter of James Hersey of Newmarket, N. H., born in 1762, died Feb. 6, 1803. After her decease, he married a second time, as we have noted later.

John and Jemima were married Jan. 12, 1783. They had 10 children—5 sons and 5 daughters — as follows :—

John, Jr., b. Aug. 1, 1783; d. ———.
Betsey, b. May 15, 1785; d. Jan. 29, 1803.
James, b. March 14, 1787; d. ———.
Thomas, b. March 29, 1789; d. ———.
Gilman, b. Feb. 26, 1791; d. ———.
William, b. Jan. 24, 1793; d. ———.
Nancy, b. Oct. 11, 1794; d. ———.
Mary, b. May 2, 1797; d. ———.
Abigail, b. May 26, 1799; d. ———.
Jemima H., b. Jan. 24, 1803; d. ———.
The wife died Feb. 6, 1803.

John Piper, married (2) Anna Young, born in Wolfeboro', Aug. 25, 1777. Marriage on Jan. 26, 1804.

To this couple were born 11 children—3 sons and 8 daughters—as follows :—

Phoebe A., b. Aug. 10, 1804; d. ———.
Paul W., b. Sept. 17, 1805; d. Jan. 12, 1854.
Susan W., b. Oct. 26, 1806; d. Nov 26, 1896.
Betsey A., b. Jan. 8, 1808; d. June 24, 1865.
Lucinda C., b. July 24, 1809; d. July, 1891.
Napoleon B., b. Nov. 28, 1810; d. June 4, 1840.
Martha W., b. Feb. 6, 1812.
Sally H., b. May 20, 1813.
Patience C., b. Oct. 15, 1814; d. Sept. 13, 1853.
Benjamin Y., b. April 29, 1816.
Vienna E., b. Jan. 16, 1821.

Of these we note the following particulars:—

JOHN PIPER, JR., familiarly known in later years as "Squire Jack," m. Hannah Meader, daughter of Ebenezer Meader, of Wolfeboro'. Children — **Samuel Joy**, b. ———; d. ——; **John Hamilton**, b. ———; d. ———; **Charles**, b. ———.

BETSEY, d. in childhood.

JAMES, m. Dolly Tibbetts, sister of Thomas' wife, and daughter of Dr. Levi Tibbetts. Children — **Samuel Blake, Hannah, Levi T., Almina, John** and **Asa** (twins), **Lucy.**

THOMAS, m. Sally Tibbetts. Children — **Elmira, Burley, Asa,** and **Edith.** The family removed from Tuftonboro' to Newport, Me.

GILMAN, m. Eliza Wiggin, one of a family of 16 brothers and sisters, all born of one mother. Children — **Richard, Andrew, Ann, Dearborn, Mary.**

WILLIAM, m. Rebecca Mallard. Children—**Lavina, Jemima, Caroline, Harrison, Martha, Helen, Laura Ann, Elbridge, Frances.**

NANCY, m. Jeremiah Foss. Children — **Thomas, William, Fannie, John, Mary, Augustus, Nancy.**

MARY, m. Mark Hersey of Sanbornton. Children — None.

ABIGAIL, m. William Fullerton of Wolfeboro'. Children — **Augustine, Harrison, Martha,** and **Jemima,** with two others whose names are not known to me.

JEMIMA H., m. (1st) Samuel Leavitt; (2d) William W. Blaisdell. Children by first marriage — **Woodbury, John S., Martha, Ann, Jemima**; by second marriage — **Dana, Charles, Clara.**

PHEBE A., m. Steph. Pendergast. Children — None.

PAUL W., m. Eliza Jane Dehart, of Staten Island, N. Y. Children — One son, **John Randolph,** now of Morristown, N. J.

SUSAN W., m. Joseph Ayers. Children — Three in number.

BETSEY ANN, m. Oliver Sanborn. Children — Four in number.

LUCINDA C., m. (1st) Charles Pinkham; (2d) Abel Haley. Children, by first marriage — **Phebe.**

NAPOLEON B., d, at St. Mark, West Florida, unmarried.

MARTHA W., m. Nathaniel Mason, March 31, 1833. Children — **Olivia,** m. Charles H. Hersey, of Wolfboro'.

SARAH H., m. Levi T. Hersey. Children — None.

PATIENCE C., m. Asa Allen. Children — None.

BENJAMIN Y., m. (1) Hannah Evans; (2) Sarah Evans. Children — Six, of whom **Hon. Charles F. Piper** of Wolfeboro', is one.

VIENNA E., m. Lyman Allen. Children — Eight in number.

(I have failed to get the names of some of the grand-children of Adjutant Piper. I regret the failure.)

As showing his unquenched martial spirit, JOHN PIPER, although over 50 years of age, raised a company of soldiers for the War of 1812, and was appointed Adjutant; but the war closed before he had opportunity for actual service a second time in the field.

All that was mortal of the old Revolutionary veteran rests in the Tibbetts cemetery, a quarter of a mile south of Tuftonboro' Centre.

MARY PIPER, sister of David and Adj. John, married John Shorey, who came to Wolfeboro' in 1796. He bought of his mother-in-law, Widow Abigail Piper, a tract of land in the "Pine Hill" neighborhood, where he and his descendants lived for many years. He had been a soldier in the Revolutionary War.

This couple had four children — **Lyford** and **Joseph, Sally** and **Mary.** Of these latter children, we note that

LYFORD SHOREY married (1st) Mercy Wiggin, sister of Mrs. Gilman Piper, and Mrs. Thomas Wiggin; (2d) Betsey Willey. By the first marriage there were four children — **James, Samuel, Joseph,** and **Ruth.** LYFORD died a few years since at the age of 95.

JOSEPH SHOREY, brother of Lyford, made and set up the old watering-trough, still in existence after the lapse of a century, by the roadside not far from the foot of "Mason's Hill."

MARY SHOREY, a sister, is said to have married a Leary, and to have removed to Wells, Me.

SALLY SHOREY, the other sister of Lyford and Joseph, m. Samuel W., oldest son of Jonathan and Mary (Wiggin) Hersey, b. Nov. 22, 1772.

[For some further particulars concerning the Hersey family, see under "Neal Family."]

SUSIE, or SUKEY PIPER, another sister of David and John, m. (1) Paul Wiggin; (2) Benjamin Trafton. I have been unable to ascertain where these persons lived, and whether they left children; also, any further particulars concerning them.

LYFORD PIPER, a brother, seems to have died early.

SAMUEL G. PIPER, "CAPT. SAMUEL," as he was styled, another brother, was born in Wolfeboro', but removed to Stewartstown, N. H., where he spent his later years, and died. He was a small, wiry man, and, in early life, a noted wrestler. His wife was a remarkably muscular and athletic woman. I have it on good authority that she would sometimes, in sport, turn her wiry little husband over her knee, and *spank* him handsomely, despite his efforts and struggles to escape.

SAMUEL G., m., on Oct. 9, 1794. Rebecca, daughter of Tristram Copp, and sister of the late Moses Copp, of Tuftonboro', N. H. She was born in Lebanon, Me., on Aug. 10, 1769, and died in Stewartstown on April 1, 1857.

This couple had issue as follows:—

Patty (Martha), b. July 1, 1795; d. March 14, 1864.
Thomas, b. May 8, 1798; d. Feb. 3, 1873.
Polly (Mary), b. May 11, 1801; (living in 1897).
Sukey (Susan), b. August 6, 1803; d. in infancy (?).
Orbit, b. March 13, 1805; d. ———.
Susan, b. Nov. 7, 1807; d. March 1, 1833.
Josephine, b. March 18, 1810; d. August 5, 1884.

As to these sons and daughters we note as follows:—

PATTY PIPER and Nathaniel Chase were married Dec. 3, 1816. Children — George W., b. April 16, 1818; Martha, b. Feb. 24, 1824; Emily, b. Oct. 18, 1829; Mary, b. Oct. 3, 1835; William T., b. Jan. 6, 1840.

THOMAS PIPER, m. ——— ———. Children — William, b. Dec. 15, 1825; Loring G., b. Feb. 28, 1828; Emily W., b. June 5, 1830; Hiram, b. July 9, 1832; Esther P., b. May 1, 1837; Arvilla, b. Nov. 27, 1839.

POLLY PIPER and French Hall were married April 19, 1821. Children — Malvina, b. Oct. 24, 1822; Albert C., b. Jan. 22, 1824; Samuel G., b. March 30, 1826; Hiram, b. March 12, 1829; Marietta,

b. July 7, 1833; Susan R., b. April 13, 1835; Caroline M., b. Jan. 14, 1839; John P., b. May 30, 1843; Martha A., b. May 2, 1845.

Susan Piper and Howard Blodgett were married Sept. 7, 1826. Children — Edwin H., b. Aug. 5, 1827; Cyrus R., b. April 18, 1829; John P., b. Feb. 11, 1831; William S., b. Feb. 21, 1833.

Josephine Piper and Thomas B. Blodgett were married May 18, 1833. Children — Milton, b. Feb. 2, 1834; Susan, b. May 13, 1836; Ann M., b. Nov. 22, 1838; Thomas B., b. Sept. 29, 1842; Frank, b. May 19, 1846; Isabel, b. July 12, 1848; Alice, b. June 12, 1855.

[It will doubtless be a matter of interest to some readers to add that Moses Copp above-mentioned, the brother-in-law of Capt. Samuel G. Piper, with his three brothers, William, Jonathan, and Tristram Copp, came to Tuftonboro', N. H., from Lebanon, Me., in 1791. In 1795 Capt. Piper and Moses Copp petitioned the General Court, then in session at Hanover, N. H., for the incorporation of Tuftonboro'. The request was granted, and the Act of Incorporation was approved Dec. 17, 1795, by the then Governor, John Taylor Gilman.

The first town meeting was held on March 14, 1796, at the house of the late William Copp.]

Timothy, youngest child of Thomas and Abigail (Evans) Piper, married Hannah Neal, daughter of Joshua and Mary (Tarleton) Neal, on Jan. 21, 1800.

Children as follows:—

David, b. Nov. 19, 1800; d. Sept. 13, 1864.
Samuel, b. Aug. 6, 1802; d. Dec. 20, 1884.
Hannah, b. March 19, 1804; d. June 27, 1888.
Elizabeth S., b. May 20, 1806; d. Sept. 8, 1844.
Mary Neal, b. April 10, 1808; d. June 7, 1883.
Abigail, b. May 15, 1810.
Harriet Melissa, b. April 2, 1812; d. Dec. 17, 1859.
Avans (formerly Evans), b. April 2, 1814; d. Aug. 22, 1886.
Joshua N., b. Sept. 12, 1816.
Ruth B., b. Feb. 28, 1819; d. Nov. 23, 1870.
Sarah Ann, b. Feb. 28, 1819; d. May 31, 1898.
Joseph Banfield, b. May 17, 1822; d. Feb. 13, 1894.
Mark Fernald, b. Jan. 17, 1825.

Grandfather Timothy was a large, thick-set man, of great muscular strength. Some of his athletic feats, in his younger days, are still spoken of. For example, it is reported that he could stand in a hogshead, and jump squarely out of it, without touching it with his hands at all.

Of his 13 children, the average weight was not far from 200 pounds. All lived to mature years, and all but one married, and reared families.

Grandfather was a "mighty hunter" in his day. Many a bear, wild cat, and other "varmint" of the forest fell a victim to his unerring aim. His favorite weapons were the "little gun," and the "old buccaneer"—an immense flint-lock musket, with a barrel nearly or quite six feet in length. Needless to say that the hunter required great strength, and steadiness of nerve, in order to shoot successfully with the giant gun, at arm's length. Doubtless the "old buccaneer" had a history, if one could but know it. The gun is still in the possession of a member of the family.

Besides being possessed of great mechanical ingenuity, Grandfather was skilled in the "healing art," curing diseases of various kinds by means of nature's own simples—roots and herbs. He died April 27, 1851. His excellent wife, Hannah (Neal) Piper, was born March 22, 1781, dying August 23, 1865.

The writer well remembers hearing Grandmother Hannah tell of having seen Gen. Washington when he visited Portsmouth, N. H., in 1789. She was then some eight and one-half years of age. The General arrived in that city on Oct. 30th of that year, and, while in that vicinity, visited Greenland and Kittery. Grandmother used to tell a humorous story of a good woman in the city, who happened to be *barefoot* at the moment she heard the people shout that "Gen. Washington is passing by"! She was bound to see the "Father of his Country," and she rushed to the door partially attired as she was. Just as he passed her door, she made a very low and prolonged curtsey which effectually concealed her naked pedal extremities. So much for feminine ingenuity.

SEVENTH GENERATION.

David Piper and Sally Haley, daughter of William and Lois (Ricker) Haley, were married on ———, 1820.

Children:—

Nancy Neal, b. Oct. 22, 1820; d. July 24, 1882; m. Richard B. Neal, April 7, 1842. Three children. (See further under "Neal Family.")

Eliza Wharton, b. March 12, 1823; d. in childhood.

Louisa, b. June 15, 1829; d. in childhood.

Enoch Colby, b. April 1, 1831; Sergeant Co. K, 12th Reg., N. H. V., wounded twice in battle; d. Aug. 8, 1864.

Everett Thurston, b. Jan. 29, 1833; d. in childhood.

Sarah Elizabeth, b. April 12, 1837; d. ———; m. (1st) Newton Lovering; (2d) James Howard. Children, by 1st marriage, Frank S. (M. D.) and Jonas F.

David Everett, b. Dec. 3, 1839; m. Nov. 21, 1861, Anna Elizabeth Piper (b. Oct. 22, 1840; d. Dec. 22, 1886). Children—Etta Augusta, b. July 12, 1863; Cora Estella, b. July 2, 1873; Alonzo, b. Aug. 17, 1875, d. Aug. 24, 1876; John Franklin, b. Nov. 7, 1880.

SAMUEL PIPER, m. Elsie Haley, daughter of William and Lois (Ricker) Haley, Nov. 6, 1822.

Children—**Thatcher William**, b. May 9, 1824; d. Nov. 22, 1893; m. Nancy Allen. Children—Marshall W., b. Oct. 2, 1848; Fred L., b. Feb. 1, 1858. Thatcher was a well-known preacher among the Adventists, as is his son, Fred L. Marshall is a resident of Brockton, Mass.

Asa Morrison, b. March 8, 1827; d. July 13, 1894; m. (1) Rhoda Ann Perkins, ———; (2) Mrs. Jennie M. Warriner, Nov. 23, 1882. Children, by first m., Edwin Perkins, b. July 18, 1854; m. Jane North Roots, Dec. 29, 1885. Harry Parker, b. Feb. 26, 1857; m. Sue North Roots, May 17, 1881. Children of Harry P. and Sue N,—Guernsey Roots, b. Aug. 22, 1884; Anna North, b. July 9, 1886.

Harry P. has aided me by furnishing genealogical materials for my work. Residence, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

John Colby, b. March 30, 1830; d. in childhood.

Samuel Augustine, b. July 3, 1835; m. (1st) Annette L. Drake, Nov. 11, 1856; (2d) Abbie Maria Cunningham, Jan. 1, 1872. Children—by first m., Edwin Drake, b. April 17, 1860;

by 2d m., Ethel Marion, b. Sept. 22, 1875; Walter Irving, b. Sept. 18, 1886. Residence, Newton Upper Falls, Mass.

Charles Franklin, b. Nov. 2, 1839; d. Oct. 15, 1867.

Hannah Piper m. Reuben Stockbridge, ———. Children — John Franklin, b. ———; d. ———; Isaac Alonzo, b. ———; d. ———. Both sons died unmarried. The parents died subsequent to the decease of the sons.

Elizabeth Sherburne Piper died unmarried, Sept. 8, 1844.

Mary Neal Piper was married to John Smith, son of William and Lois (Ricker) Haley, Dec. 20, 1832. To this couple were born six children.

(For further particulars, see "Haley Family.")

Abigail Piper was married to Asa Walker (b. 1808, d. 1875), son of Rev. John Walker, about 1831.

Children:—

William Henry, b. July 28, 1833; d. Oct. 8, 1853.

Joshua Mackenzie, b. Feb., 1836; d. in childhood.

Harriet Melissa, b. Dec. 9, 1838; d. in childhood.

Timothy Bruce, b. Oct. 15, 1839; d. in childhood.

Hannah Elizabeth, b. Dec. 29, 1840; d. Feb. 27, 1885; m. Johnson.

Albert H., b. May 17, 1845; m. (1st) ——— ——— (2d) ——— ———. Children: By 1st m. Horace; by 2d m. a daughter.

Albert H. is an active business man, and an earnest temperance worker. His present residence is Melvin Village, N. H.

Harriet M. Piper m. Isaac S. Lovering about 1850.

Children, — Lucy Hannah, b. March 10, 1852; m. Robert Welden Pierce April 3, 1873. Children,—Enid Mabel, b. Jan. 18, 1874; Robert Ernest, b. July 5, 1878, d. in infancy; Robert Lovering, b. Dec. 22, 1887; Alma Ernestine, b. July 23, 1890, d. Aug. 5, 1891; Harold Kent, b. May 1, 1892. Family residence, Providence, R. I.

Mary Abbie, b. 1855; m. Jerome Ivry Goldthwaite Jan. 27, 1881. Mr. Goldthwaite is in business in Boston. Residence, Somerville, Mass.

Avans Piper m. Mary Ellen Mahoney, Sept. 27, 1840.

Children,—Susan Melissa, b. June 29, 1841; d. July 6, 1896; m. James Albert Knight Feb. 13, 1870. Children,—Mary Ida, b.

June 27, 1870, d. Oct. 27, 1871 ; Albert Avans, b. Oct. 17, 1872 ; Piper, b. Oct. 19, 1877 ; m. Lena M. Clark, May 1, 1897.

Martha Elizabeth, b. April 4, 1848 ; m. Francis Henry Rankin, March 30, 1873. Children,— Francis Avans, b. Nov. 20, 1880. d. March 14, 1882 ; Henry Irving, b. August 4, 1884; infant daughter d. March 10, 1878.

Mary Ida Ellen, b. June 24, 1856; d. July 9, 1863.

Family residence, Centre Lincolnville, Me.

Joshua Neal Piper, m. (1st) Martha Young; (2d) Maria Judkins ; (3d) Orra Laporte.

Children :— By 1st marriage.

Nancy Erilda, b. Dec. 26, 1840; m. J. D. Salvage, Dec. 2. 1863; d. Nov. 26, 1893.

Albert L., b. June 17, 1842; m. in Michigan.

Children :— By 2d marriage.

Annie Maria, b. Oct. 9, 1848; m. Will E. Keyes, June 28, 1872.

Children :—By 3d marriage.

Ella F., b. Feb. 17, 1852 ; m. James S. Lewis, Dec. 1871.

Lettie A., b. Feb. 24, 1854 ; m. John T. Drake, Jan. 1, 1879.

Frank P., b. May 4, 1857.

Herbert O., b. Sept. 16, 1859 ; m. Irene J. Cole, June 4, 1883.

Alonzo S., b. Dec. 3, 1862 ; m. Mary J. Coverly, April 24, 1881.

P. O. address of family, Pequaket, Carroll Co., N. H.

Ruth Bassett, married Nathan B. Hodsdon, Nov. 29, 1841. Mr. H. died May 23, 1874, aged 64 years.

Children : —

Sarah Cora Banks, b. ——— ———; m. Frank J. Remick, Dec. 7, 1865 ; children, two sons, both married.

George Washington, b. April 26, 1847; d. Sept. 29, 1870.

Andrew Jackson, b. May 27, 1850; d. July 3, 1852.

Two other children died at birth.

Sarah A. married Daniel Judkins, Jr., about 1847. He died Jan. 10, 1867, aged 42 years.

Children : —

Banfield Piper, b. 1849; m. Georgie A. Thurston, June 11, 1873. Children — Bertie D., b. Nov. 20, 1874; Nellie, b. June 22, 1879. Banfield lives in Freedom, N. H.

Frank Lovering, (M. D., Lynn, Mass), b. Jan, 31, 1853; m. Hattie N. Parrott, July 23, 1882. Children,—Charles M., b. June 6, 1883; Abbie P., b. March 23, 1885; Celia and Sadie (twins) b. Oct. 12, 1886. Sadie died in infancy.

JOSEPH B., m. Caroline W., daughter of William Piper and granddaughter of Adjutant Piper, b. Nov. 3, 1822; d. Dec. 8, 1895. Children:—

Bertha Idella, b. Oct. 12, 1851; d. Sept. 6, 1884; m. Henry Lucas; leaves one daughter, Mabel M.

Carrie A., b. Aug. 9, 1853; d. Sept. 27, 1874.

Willie, b. 1855; d. in infancy.

Walter Erving, b. Sept. 22, 1857; m. Alice M. Brooks. Children — Hartwell B., Walter E., Jr.

Thomas French, b. Aug. 31, 1861; m. Clara Eaton.

MARK F., m. Susan S. Lovering, Jan. 13, 1848.

Children — **George Avery**, b. Oct. 27, 1848; d. in infancy.

George A. (2d), b. Sept. 27, 1850; d. Nov. 1, 1889.

Emma Edwina, b. Sept. 2, 1853; m. Charles H. Bennett. Susan S. Piper d. March 31, 1889.

It is to be regretted that the limits set for our work will not permit particular mention of the later generations descended from the stalwart old soldier, THOMAS PIPER, who fought valiantly, and suffered hardships untold, in the "old French and Indian War" of 1755 to 1763. To enumerate all his posterity down to the present time would require a large volume.

It "goes without saying" that, in many towns of New England, there are families of Pipers — as will be specified later — which seem, so far as we can judge, to have sprung from the Stratham stock, or, at all events, from the venerable emigrant NATHANIEL PIPER, of Ipswich, Mass., who flourished more than two and a half centuries ago.

JOHN L. PIPER, brother of Elder Noah, and in the fifth generation from Nathaniel of Ipswich, came from Stratham to Wolfeboro' about 1800. He was, for many years, a successful merchant. He had four children,—**Moses**, father of John L. and Jonas W. Piper; **George**; **Phebe**, who married Dea. Thomas Rust, and whose son is George H. Rust of Minneapolis, Minn.; and **Jane**, who married Nathaniel Rogers.

Israel Piper, not a brother of the preceding, but also in the fifth generation from the Ipswich settler, was once a resident of Tuftonboro'. His daughter, Nabby, married a Bryant.

Another Piper family was formerly quite prominent in that town, or we might rather say, two families.

FRANCIS PIPER and his brother STEPHEN came to Tufton boro' from Northwood (?), N. H., as early as 1811, or perhaps earlier.

FRANCIS PIPER married Abigail Wiggin, about ——————.

Children — Nancy, George W., Reuben H., Cynthia, Amanda, Emory, Clarissa, T. Jefferson, Greenleaf C., and Elmira.

Most of these married and reared families. Cynthia married Enoch Haley, son of William and Lois (Ricker) Haley. (See "Haley Family.")

STEPHEN PIPER married —————— ——————.

Children — Amasa, James. Both lived on the "South Road" in Tuftonboro'. They died many years ago. Amasa, we believe, left no descendants. James left one son, Stephen, who married Phebe E. Young, and died. They had two children — Sadie E., m. Joseph Blake; and Emma J., m. John S. Bennet. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bennett died, leaving one son, Maurice.

FRANCIS PIPER had a brother whose name, I believe, was James. A son (or grandson) of his, Gardner W., b. 1816, d. 1868, m. Maria Dustan of Henniker, a lineal descendant of the famous Hannah Dustan of early Indian days. Of Gardner's children three sons are living: James W. of Pembroke, N. H., George H., and Eugene G., of Allenstown, (?) N. H.

As we have suggested, branches of the very numerous Piper family have been found in Boston, Concord, and Ipswich, Mass.; in Parsonsfield and Newfield, Me.; in Stratham, Newmarket, Dover, Nottingham, Northwood, Wolfeboro', Tuftonboro', Wakefield, Brookfield, Gilmanton, Pembroke, Sanbornton, Meredith, Holderness, Temple, Dublin, and Loudon, N. H.; in several towns of Vermont, and in nearly every state of our Union. In Washington, D. C., our genial friend, Major Horace L. Piper, still gives time and thought to the "U. S. Life Saving Service," with which he has been so long connected. His father,

the late Horace Piper, Esq., was the author of the "Piper Genealogy," to which valuable compilation, as said before, we feel deeply indebted for many facts and dates comprised in the preceding pages.

But we have already overpassed the limits set for our work.

For the genealogy of Elisha Piper of Parsonsfield, Me., Asa Piper of Wakefield, N. H., Solomon Piper of Boston, Mass., and Stephen Piper of Newfield, Me., with their descendants, we must refer the reader to Mr. Horace Piper's excellent book to which we have several times referred.

NEAL FAMILY.

At the outset, I hardly need remind the reader that I do not contemplate a complete history of this ancient, numerous, and widely extended family. I merely undertake to give a brief sketch of one or two branches of the family, in which I am specially interested.

As to the derivation of the name, I have never seen any that seemed to me other than trivial or fanciful.

The name itself, like many another ancient name, exhibits a wide range of orthography. I have met with the spelling—Neal, Neale, Nele, Neel, Neil, Niel, Neele, Niall, and even Knel, Kneele and Knill. I judge that the family is of English origin, though there are branches in Ireland and Scotland. Presumably, though there may be exceptions to the remark, the Neils and Niels are either Scotch or Irish, while the O'Neils are Irish, and the MacNeals and McNeils are Scotch.

The Neal family in England is a very ancient one. I find reference made to them in the time of Edward IV., 1461–83. In some old records of Visitation, comprising 1566 to 1618, mention is made of a certain "Walter Neal," perhaps the earliest of that individual name. Richard Neale, Knight, one of the Justices of Common Pleas, and Lord of Prestwould, died in 1485. His coat of arms—the same with that of the Neals of Leicestershire and Northamptonshire, and with that borne by Capt. Walter Neale, of whom we speak later—consisted of "three greyhounds' heads,—erased,—collared,—and ringed." (J. Mason,—"Letters and Documents." P. 71. Prince Soc.)

Thomas Neale (1519-1596) was Professor of Hebrew in the University of Oxford, and was a distinguished author. Many

other Neals have honorable mention in the annals of English history. (See "Dictionary of National Biog.")

Near the middle of the seventeenth century, JOHN NEAL, Esq., of Dean, Co. Bedford, married Anne, daughter of Henry Cromwell who was a cousin of Oliver, "Lord Protector of England." Their son, JOHN, came over to this country, and settled in Salem, Mass. He married Mary Lawes from Norwich, England. It is supposed that the Neals of Salem and vicinity are of this line.

About the year 1660, according to Folsom and others, FRANCIS NEALE was very prominent and influential in the affairs of Casco, and other towns in Maine; and in 1670 he was Representative from Falmouth to the General Court. He was commissioned as a Magistrate, in 1660, by the Agent of Gorges.

I conjecture that this gentleman took upon himself connubial vows upon two different occasions,—unless, indeed, his son, Francis, Jr., who died in 1693, figured in one of the marriages. The records show that Francis Neale, about 1670, married Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel and Jane Andrews, who embarked from London in the "Increase," 1635.

It is also on record that Francis Neale married a daughter of Arthur and Jane Macworth. When the Indian troubles broke out anew, Neale and his family moved to Salem, Mass., where he was admitted as a citizen in 1676, and died subsequent to July, 1699, at which date he as "Francis Neale, senior," conveyed land in Falmouth (Portland). He is stated to have left one son, Samuel, and two daughters, his son Francis, Jr., having died a few years earlier. Some think that Francis, senior, was a brother to the emigrant, John Neale, above mentioned; and there is little doubt that they were nearly related.

I understand that that venerable gentleman, Hon. Peter M. Neal of Lynn, born in Kittery very early in the century, traces his lineage back to Francis Neale. His grandson, C. Neal Barney, Esq., of Boston, has furnished me with several important genealogical items.

We find mention of Andrew Neal of Kittery in 1720; of Samuel Neal of Stratham, who married Elizabeth Haley of Kittery in 1754; of John Neele and Jane Evins, who were "pub-

lished" in Georgetown, Me., in Dec., 1743; of John Neal, Jr., who was town clerk, and George Neal, who was tax collector, in Smithfield, now Litchfield, Me., in 1775; of Thomas Nealle, who was soldier in a Maine regiment, in May, 1775; of Andrew Neal in Cornish, 1794; and of John Neal in Poland, Me., in 1798.

Also, many references are made to Neals in the several volumes of "York Deeds," and "Maine Wills." But our limits will not permit the attempt to trace the lineage of these numerous individuals.

We must wait for some one who has ample time and means at command, to undertake the preparation and publication of a complete history of the Neal family.

Among the early Neals in England may be mentioned FRANCIS NEALE, Esq., one of the Auditors of the Exchequer to Queen Elizabeth.

He married —— ——. Children—William, and Thomas, who d. Dec., 1597.

WILLIAM, son of Francis, also one of the Auditors to Queen Elizabeth, m. (1) Agnes, daughter of Robert Bowyer, sister of Francis Bowyer, Alderman of London; (2) Agnes (Hopkins) Culverwell.

Children—(by first wife) Thomas, Walter, Agnes, Francis, Mary.

SIR THOMAS of Warneford, Knight, one of the Auditors to Queen Elizabeth and King James, and son of William Neal, died Feb. 3, 1620. He married (1) Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Freake, of Co. Dorset; (2) Mary, daughter of Thomas Calton, Co. Oxford.

Children—by first marriage—Frances, Ann, Mary, Elizabeth; by second marriage—Thomas, William, Robert.

WALTER, son of William, and brother of Sir Thomas, died in the latter part of 1612, or early part of 1613. He married (1) Frances, daughter of Sir William Oglander, a descendant of Richard de Okelander, who came over with William the Conqueror, from Caen, Normandy. Walter married (2) a Lamberte. So far as I can judge, there were children by neither marriage. (See will of Walter Neale, and that of his father-in-law, Sir Wm.

Oglander, in "N. E. Histor. and Genealogical Register," for April, 1898.)

It may be added here that Mr. Gordon Goodwin, in "Dict. of Nat. Biography," Volume 40, has made the serious mistake of confounding this Walter Neale with Captain Walter Neale, of whom we are about to speak. So far from the two men being identical, we have not yet ascertained whether they were related, though we think it probable that they were so. It is not unlikely that the Captain, perchance a younger man, and surviving his namesake some twenty-five years or more, may have been a near relative of the Walter who died in 1612–13.

With reference to the "mistake" of Mr. Goodwin alluded to above, Mr. Sidney Lee, the courteous and accomplished editor of that truly monumental work, "Dictionary of National Biography," comprising nearly sixty volumes, writes: "I fear you are right in your statement respecting a confusion between two Walter Neales in our Dictionary. I will endeavor to rectify it in future issues. I regret to be unable to find any answers to your queries, but should any information leak out, I will forward it."

With this assurance, we must be content for the present, and wait patiently for "more light."

Captain Walter Neale appears on the scene about 1612 to 1615. If he were, as is possible, the same with that earliest Walter Neale above mentioned, he was the son of Henry and Elizabeth (Lacon) Neale, and was born probably about 1595, or a little earlier. He seems to have been a native of Bedfordshire, and may have been a relative of John Neal of Dean referred to. Henry had several other children whose names we cannot give. We gather these facts from the previously cited records of the Visitation of Bedfordshire, 1566 and later, and the Visitation of Northamptonshire, 1618. Fired with military ambition, young Walter entered the English army not far from 1615. He served in Bohemia and the Rhine country under Count Ernst Von Mansfeldt, and there gained the rank of Captain.

After various experiences, he came over to America, as the agent of Mason and Gorges. It was in 1630 that he sailed in the ship "Warwick," for Piscataqua, or the lower settlement of

New Hampshire, comprising Portsmouth and Newcastle, with a part of Rye, Newington, and Greenland. He was sent as Governor of the plantation, and his commission bore the signatures of John Mason, Sir Ferdinando Gorges, and others. At about the same time, Capt. Thomas Wiggin, ancestor of the Wiggin family in this country, was Governor of the upper plantation, with headquarters at Northam, now Dover. The boundaries of the two plantations seem to have been for a time very vague and elastic. A violent clash between Neale and Wiggin as to jurisdiction, accompanied with gory threats and sulphurous language, gave name to "Bloody Point," now "Newington," between Dover and Portsmouth. We are happy to add, however, that no blood was actually spilled on the occasion, the wrathful disputants being persuaded to refer the "vexed question" to their employers.

In 1632, according to Belknap, Capt. Neale, in company with Jocelyn and Darby Field, set out on foot to visit the "beautiful lakes" of which they had heard rumors, and to open trade with the Indians. In the course of their travels, they visited the White Mountains, which they described in very glowing terms, and to which, on account of some shining pebbles which they found in that vicinity, they gave the name "Chrystal Hills."

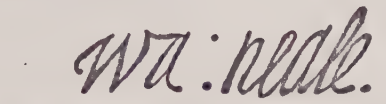
It is said, also, that Neale and Wiggin surveyed and fixed the boundaries of Portsmouth, Dover, and Hampton, and that they assisted Wheelwright in fixing the bounds of his plantation known as "Exeter."

In August, 1633, Capt. Neale embarked in the ship "Elizabeth Bonadventure" for England, whence it does not appear that he ever returned to America. In 1634, at the instance of the King, Charles the First, Neale was chosen Captain of the Artillery Garden in London. There he drilled the citizens carefully for four years. He then applied for the position of Sergeant-Major of Virginia, but another secured the prize.

In 1638, he petitioned the King for appointment as Lieut. Governor of the Military Station of Portsmouth, England. In this petition, as cited by Sainsbury, he sets forth that "he has served in all the King's expeditions for the last 20 years; commanded 4 years, and brought to perfection the Company of the

Artillery Garden. Lived three years in New England, and made greater discoveries than were ever made before. Exactly discovered all the rivers and harbors in the habitable parts of the country. Prays to be appointed Governor."

The following is a fac-simile of the manly and handsome autograph of the valiant old soldier:



His petition met with a favorable response, and in the following year, 1639, he received the desired and highly creditable appointment.

An apparently official letter of his is extant, dated at Portsmouth, England, July 13, 1639, and relating to the landing or transportation of 300 Spanish soldiers, no doubt prisoners of war. This letter furnishes the last glimpse we get of the sturdy old Captain. At this point he disappears from our field of view. Although I have made careful investigation, I have failed to learn whether Captain Walter Neale was married, and had children; also, when and where he died. There is, indeed, a tradition cited, we believe, by Adams in "Annals of Portsmoth, N. H.," to the effect that the old Captain died in London. This tradition may be authentic, but we do not know on what it is based.

It is not unlikely that a protracted and expensive examination of records and archives in various towns, cities and counties of England might solve the problem. My own attempts in that line have, however, produced but meagre results.

Captain Walter Neal, 2d, next appears before us. His parentage, and the place and date of his birth are unknown. John Farmer, the well-known antiquarian, held that he was the son of the first Capt. Walter; and I incline to that opinion, although he may have been a nephew, instead. A "deposition" of Walter, 2d, recorded in "N. H. Hist. Society's Collections," Vol. VIII., pp. 185–6, implies that he was born about 1633, the year in which Capt. Walter, 1st, sailed for England.

Let us assume that Capt. Walter, the explorer, married shortly after his return to England; if, indeed, he had not been married earlier. Let us suppose, also, that a son Walter was born to the couple as soon as might be, in the course of things. Now, nothing would be more natural, and almost inevitable, than that this son, on reaching manhood, inheriting his father's adventurous disposition, and fired by his father's glowing tales of the wonders of the New World, should make his way to America as early as possible. Accordingly, we find, in 1653, Walter Neale, the younger, a resident of Greenland, N. H. If our hypothesis be correct, he was then not far from 20 years of age. In Greenland, it is to be noted, he would be quite near to his reputed father's former headquarters. And this town, lying in part between Dover and Portsmouth, was, singularly enough, sometimes reckoned as belonging to the former, and at other times to the latter.

We find, from Hackett's "Portsmouth Records, 1645-1656," that the citizens of Portsmouth, in town meeting assembled, voted to grant unto "Walter neall" a lot of "eaight ackers" to his house on the neck of land "by Winacont River." Date, Dec. 5, 1653. This shows clearly that at that time Portsmouth claimed a portion, or the whole, of Greenland, and exercised jurisdiction over it. On the other hand, in the will of John Hall, dated 1677, Greenland was spoken of as a "township of Dover." This peculiar overlapping of jurisdictions appears in the annals of many years, and is likely to confuse the unwary reader.

In 1655–6, Walter Neale had fifty acres assigned to him by the side of Capt. Champernoun's farm, at Greenland, and the boundaries of his lot, it being 91 poles square, are described.

In 1660, at a town meeting held for the purpose of apportioning the undivided lands, he received additional territory.

In 1658–66, among those who subscribed for the maintenance of the minister in Portsmouth, we find "Walr Neale, 15s."

In 1666, a military company at Portsmouth chose Walter Neale Lieutenant, but the court ordered that his commission should be withheld until he should be admitted to "fredome of this country." Does this imply that he was not a native of

America? Or is it to be taken in the later sense of the expression, as related to church-membership and the right of franchise?

In 1678, the Selectmen of Portsmouth appointed "tythingmen," one of whom was Lieut. Neale "for all the families in Greenland." (In 1692, these families were 68 in number.)

In 1679, Nov. 28, a deed given by "Lt. Walter Neale of Greenland in the township of Portsmouth," conveys land in Greenland to George Huntress.

In the Constables' Rates for 1688, Walter Neale is named as a resident of Greenland; because, says Mr. Brewster, Greenland then included "the western part of Portsmouth, Greenland, and Newington."

In 1689–90, Walter Neale had attained the rank of "Captain." He is mentioned as such in a list of Portsmouth's military officers. Hence, I have styled him "CAPTAIN WALTER NEALE, 2D."

At a town meeting in Portsmouth, April 3, 1693, a committee, among whom was "Capt. Walter Nele," was appointed to arrange the sittings in the meeting-house—the people to be seated according to their rank and position in life. As a result, the seat of honor—the front seat facing the minister—was assigned to "Lieut. Sloper" and "Capt. Nele." This sufficiently indicates the Captain's prominence in the community.

On Feb. 3, 1702–3, Walter Neale of Greenland in Portsmouth executed a deed in favor of his well beloved grandchildren, the children of "my son Samuel Neale of Greenland aforesaid, late deceased," and he specifies his "well beloved grandson Samuel Neale—not 21 years of age."

This furnishes a clue to the date of the decease of that Samuel Neale who, according to Dover records, was born in 1661.

Here we lose sight of Capt. Walter Neale, 2d. Like his namesake, Capt. Walter Neale, 1st, he disappears from our field of vision.

After a careful examination of old records and epitaphs in Greenland and in Portsmouth, I have been unable to find any clue to the time and place of his death and burial. It seems probable, however, that he died previous to 1717, since in a list of rate-payers in Portsmouth, of that date, including those of both

meeting-houses, the old (North) and the new (South), his name does not appear. Had he been living, his name would hardly have been omitted.

It seems a little strange that, in the case of so eminent a citizen, no record of his death should be extant, and no tombstone should mark his grave, so far as known. I incline to think that the circumstances may have been somewhat as follows: In the earlier period of his residence in Greenland, he lived, as I conjecture, in the northern part of the town near to Dover, hence was reckoned as a citizen of that town. Later on, he may have moved to the southern part of the town, so near to Portsmouth that he and his family attended church services there, and were reckoned as citizens of that town. And he may have been interred in some private burial ground, perhaps, on his own estate. And, in the lapse of some 200 years, this burial place may have been forgotten, or, possibly, ploughed over, and the tombstones carried off, and destroyed — as was the case with the old cemetery in the adjoining town of Stratham.

Possibly his ashes lie beneath one of the nameless, almost undistinguishable mounds which I came upon in the older part of Greenland cemetery. Should the old records of Portsmouth, from 1656 to 1800, ever be transcribed and published, some light may be thrown upon the dark points above named. Let us hope that some one will soon arise to complete the good work which Mr. F. W. Hackett so well began.

And we may add that a thorough exploration of nooks and corners in the southern part of the town of Greenland might possibly discover the last resting-place of the remains of Captain Walter Neal, 2d.

FIRST GENERATION.

As Captain Walter Neale, 2d, was, so far as we know, the first of the name who passed most or all of his life in this country, we may assign him to the first generation.

SECOND GENERATION.

WALTER NEAL, 2D, married Mary ———. Tradition has it that her maiden name was Mary Ayers.

THEIR CHILDREN.

All that is *certainly* known as to their children is comprised in the following excerpt from the old records of Dover, N. H.:

"Samuel Neale son of Walter Neale by Mary his wife born ye 14th June 1661.

"Mary daugh of Walter Neale by Mary his wife, born ye 31 Mar. 1668; she herselfe dyed ye first Friday in Aprill following 1668."

Apparently the meaning is that the daughter died. Of course, it is possible that the parents gave the same name to another daughter born subsequently.

Samuel died as early as 1702 or 1703.

Tradition—which is certainly wrong in some particulars—ascribes to Capt. Walter 2d and Mary (Ayers) Neal the following children:

John, who married a Lovett.
Eliphalet, married a Sinclair.
William, ——— ——— ———.
Joshua, married Mary Tarleton.
Thomas, married a Thompson.
Clement, ——— ——— ———.
James, ——— ——— ———.
Mary, married James Ayers.

(This couple are said to have been the grandparents of the late Levi W. Ayers of Tuftonboro'.)

Olive, married a Lang of Portsmouth, N. H.

Concerning this traditional list several things are to be noted:

(1). The name of Samuel Neal (presumably the oldest child of the couple) given in the Dover records, does not appear in the traditional list at all.

(2). One or more of the persons mentioned in the present list *could not possibly* have been the children of Walter 2d and Mary (Ayers) Neal. Thus, Joshua Neal, who married Mary

Tarleton, was born in 1756, as we know from family records. Hence, he could not have been the son of those parents to whom children were born in 1661 and 1668—nearly a hundred years earlier! Again, if James and Mary (Neal) Ayers were really the grandparents of Levi W. Ayers, whom I well remember, then Mary could not have been born 200 years ago, the daughter of Walter Neal, 2d, and his wife Mary, referred to in the Dover records.

(3) My conclusion is that, in the near two hundred years which have intervened since the days of Walter Neal, 2d, he has come to be, in some measure, confounded with his grandson, Walter Neal, 3d; and that the children of the latter—some, if not all, of them—have consequently been ascribed to the former.

I shall indicate, later on, what corrections should, in my opinion, be made. I proceed to give such information as I have been able to glean from the rather meagre and defective records of the town, parish, and church of Greenland, N. H.

THIRD GENERATION.

JOHN NEALE married Margaret (Lovett?). This couple were admitted to the Congregational church in Greenland in 1719. (This John may have been the youngest son of Capt. Walter, 2d, born as late as 1680 or 1686. Tradition gives his wife's family name as Lovett.)

THEIR CHILDREN.

Abigail, baptized in 1719.
John, " " 1720.
Walter, " " 1722.
John, " " 1725.
James, " " 1727.
Sarah, " " 1729.

(The records give Sarah's father as "Deacon Neale," but I assume that he was identical with "John Neale")

SAMUEL NEALE married Elizabeth ———. [He was admitted to the church in 1722, as she had been in 1713. It is to be noted that this Samuel was doubtless the *grandson* of Walter

Neale, 2d; Walter's son Samuel having died in 1703, or a little earlier, as noted before. From records in Portsmouth, I learn that SAMUEL NEAL, SENIOR, was admitted to the North Church, Nov. 26, 1695; and that his children, **Thomas, Walter,** and **Jeremiah,** were baptized April 21, 1695, and **Joshua** baptized Feb. 11, 1697. So that Samuel, senior, born in 1661, had at least 5 sons. His wife's family name we do not know. This **Walter,** son of Samuel, and grandson of Capt. Walter, 2d, was doubtless the Walter mentioned later, who was born in 1692, and who married Ann Mattoon in 1715, and who died April 17, 1755, leaving a large family.]

THEIR CHILDREN.

Mary,	baptized	in 1713.
Jonathan,	"	" 1714.
Elizabeth,	"	" 1719.
Anna,	"	" 1719.
Comfort,	"	" 1723.
Hannah,	"	" 1728.
Ruhamah,	"	" 1729.

[Besides these, of parentage not stated, I find the names of Jeane Neale admitted to the Greenland church in 1714, and Mary Neale admitted in 1742. Very probably this Mary was the oldest child of Samuel, as above stated.

It may be of interest to add the following names taken from a list of the early tax-payers in the town of Greenland:—

Samuel Neale, 1753.
Walter Neale, 1753.
Deacon Neale, 1754.
Samuel Neale, 1754.
Widow Neale, 1756.
John Neale, 1756.
James Neale, 1756.]

FOURTH GENERATION.

WALTER NEAL, 3D, m. Hannah ———. He was admitted to the Greenland church in 1742. This man has, as I think,

been confounded with his grandfather, Walter Neal, 2d; hence, I feel no hesitation in ascribing to Walter, 3d, three, at least, of the children mentioned in the "traditional list" which we have already given.

THEIR CHILDREN.

William, son of Walter and Hannah, b. Sept. 2, 1750.

Mary, b. ———; m. James Ayers.

Joshua, b. June 23, 1756; d. Nov. 4, 1840.

[As to William, the Greenland records state explicitly his parentage, and the date of his birth.

Tradition makes Mary the sister of William, and if so, she belongs here; and in that case she may well have been the grandmother of Levi W. Ayers of Tuftonboro'.

With reference to Joshua, my ancestor, the case is not so clear. The family record in his old Bible gives no clue to the name of his father or his mother. But unvarying tradition gives his father's name as "Walter." Then, the fact that he gave to a daughter of his the name "Hannah," may be a kind of intimation that his mother bore the same loved name.

Under the circumstances, I confidently place him, as above, among the children of Walter and Hannah Neal. There was another Joshua Neal, in the line of Samuel Neal, but he married Abigail Haines, and belonged to an earlier generation. A third Joshua was a cotemporary with our Joshua, both living in Portsmouth at the same time. This third Joshua died in 1831.

Whether any others of the "traditional list" previously given really belong among the posterity of Walter and Hannah, I cannot determine. I think it not unlikely that they do.]

FIFTH GENERATION.

Joshua Neal married Mary Tarleton of Newcastle, N. H., on June 16, 1776. He was born in Greenland, as above, and died in Tuftonboro', N. H., on Nov. 4, 1840. She was born on Aug. 12, 1756, and died Dec. 10, 1825. She was the daughter of Richard and Mary (Cotton) Tarleton. The children of the last named couple were Mary 1st, Mary 2d, Elizabeth, John, Hannah,

and Ruth. Of these, Mary 1st, Elizabeth, and John died very early. Mary Cotton's family lived on Cape Ann.

Joshua Neal served in the Revolutionary Army. In Nov., 1775, he was a fifer in Capt. Thos. Berry's Co., Col. Joshua Wingate's Reg., stationed on Pierce's Island, for the defence of Piscataqua Harbor.

Probably a little later, he appears in Capt. John Calfe's (Calef's) Co., Col. Pierce Long's Reg., as a volunteer from Greenland. I judge that he served through the war.

In 1783, Joshua Neal, with others, signed a petition to the General Court, asking that Greenland might be permitted to send a representative to that body.

Not long after he seems to have removed to Portsmouth, where he lived for many years. Near 1823, he moved to Tuftonboro', where he died in 1840.

His wife, Mary (Tarleton) Neal, had passed away some fifteen years before

THEIR CHILDREN.

Betsey, b. May 2, 1777; m. Henry Allard; d. January, 1861.

Richard, b. 1779; d. 1780.

Hannah, b. March 22, 1781; m. Timothy Piper, Jan. 21, 1800; d. August 23, 1865.

Mary, b. 1782; d. 1786.

Mehitable, b. July 17, 1785; m. Samuel Swett in 1812; d. Oct. 24, 1870.

Polly, b. June 26, 1791; m. Joseph Kent; d. about 1844 or '45. He died near the same time.

John, b. Oct. 13, 1793; m. Nabby Hersey, March 4, 1819; d. Sept. 23, 1855. She was born Sept. 28, 1789, and d. May 9, 1872.

SIXTH GENERATION.

Betsey Neal married Henry Allard. Concerning the Allard family, I have been able to glean fewer items than I could wish. There were Allards in the early history of Dover, and of Newcastle, N. H. It may be that Henry and his brother Jonathan came to Wolfeboro' from Newcastle, the early home

of the mother of Henry's bride. Jonathan married Elizabeth Berry, and moved to Canada about 1808. Henry Allard was born in Sept., 1761, and died in Shefford, Can., in Feb., 1856, aged 95. His wife, Betsey Neal, was born in Greenland (?), N. H., in May, 1777, and died in Shefford in Jan., 1861, aged 84. They moved to Canada about 1818.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Jonathan 2d, b. in Wolfeboro', N. H., in 1808; d. in Waterloo, P. Q., in 1878; m. his cousin, daughter of Jonathan, 1st. Eight children, of whom two are living — Anne, who m. James R. Booth, and a younger sister. Mrs. Booth has kindly aided me by furnishing information in regard to the family.

Harriet, b. —— ——; m. Peter Keniston. Some 50 years since they moved to Lareston, Illinois.

Mary A., b. —— ——; m. Farman Bates, and, after a few years, removed to Marshall, Iowa.

Eliza A. (sometimes called "Betsey"), twin with Mary, m. George Wentworth. They returned to N. H. some 50 years ago. Children — Mrs. Rose Bean, Lynn, Mass., and Charles B. Wentworth, Wolfeboro', N. H. To the latter I am indebted for information. Eliza died Jan. 12, 1899, aged 87,

From the history of Wolfeboro', I gather that, in 1792, Henry Allard was a member of the Free Will Baptist Society in that town, then under the pastoral care of Elder Isaac Townsend. At about the same time, Lydia Allard, who was, as I learn, the first wife of Henry, is mentioned among the members of the same society.

As previously stated, Jonathan Allard, 1st, moved to Canada some 90 years ago, and his brother Henry followed him some 10 years later. Henry and his family settled in the township of Shefford, which became their residence from that time.

HANNAH NEAL married Timothy Piper. This couple had thirteen children, all of whom lived to mature years, and twelve of whom married and reared families.

(For particulars, see "PIPER FAMILY".)

MEHITABLE NEAL married Samuel Swett.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Joshua N., b. Dec. 11, 1813; went to South Dakota, married, and d. about 5 years since, leaving a family of 5 children.

Huldah S., b. Oct. 20, 1817; m. William Palmer, and has two children living, Helen, and Dana.

Mary A., b. July 20, 1820; m. Daniel Leary. Three children, Martha, John, and Ann. Mr. Leary was killed in the battle of Chancellorsville, on August 3, 1864, a Union soldier.

John, b. Feb. 20, 1826; d. of fever, a soldier in the Union Army.

POLLY NEAL married Joseph Kent. Joseph was the son of William Kent of Wolfeboro'. I find the names of William Kent and Joseph Kent among the early mill-owners of that town. It is thought that Joshua Neal, father of Polly, lived in Wolfeboro' for a time, after leaving Portsmouth, and before moving to Tuftonboro', his later residence. Probably Joseph and Polly were married in Wolfeboro'. Many years since, they moved to Granby, Canada, where she died in 1843, and he in 1879, in his 90th year.

THEIR CHILDREN.

From the best information which I have been able to gather, the following were the children, with the grandchildren, of Joseph and Polly Kent:—

Sewell, m. Theda Herrick; children — Daniel, Lois, Maria, Hiram, Joseph, Henry, Jonathan, Sanford, William. Sewell d. in 1873.

John, m. Nancy Corey; children — Adelia A., Ruth Arrilla, Stewart, John Banfield, Amanda, Charles E.

Fannie, m. Aaron Vilas; children — Emily, Eliza, Martha M., Sarah Melvina, Lucy, William F. Fannie d. Dec., 1870.

Mary, m. Francis Hyatt; children — Cornelia, Elizabeth, Josephine, William Henry, George Arthur. Mary d. Nov. 15, 1898.

James, b. in 1819; m. Hannah Spears; children — William, Elvira, Elizabeth, L. Ellen, Joseph Arthur, Arlington.

Joshua, d. July, 1845, unmarried.

Eliza, b. April, 1825; m. Thomas Stanley. No children.

I am indebted to Mrs. Stanley for information concerning the family.

Sarah, m. John C. Belcher; children — Lucy, Alice, John, Mary, Joseph William, Sadie.

William, m. Caroline Knowlton; children — Carrie Belle, Hattie, Joseph Amasa, Eva, Fred.

John and his family live in Barnston, C. E.

James and Eliza reside in Granby, Canada; William and Sarah with their families, live in California.

JOHN NEAL married Nabby Hersey. She was a daughter of Jonathan Hersey, an early settler in the town of Wolfeboro'.

[The first American ancestor of the Hersey family was William, of Hingham, Mass., in 1635. He was made a "freeman" in 1638, and became member of an artillery company in 1652. In the Hingham records, the name is spelled "Hersie," "Harsie," and "Hearsey." One of William's family went early to Newmarket, N. H., in search of oak and ash timber, as he was a carpenter or cooper. He took up land, and settled in Newmarket. A descendant, James, married Joanna Burley, and had ten children, of whom the late Jonathan Hersey, above named, was one, and Mrs. Jemima, first wife of Adjutant John Piper, was another. For the convenience of some of my readers, I subjoin a few particulars concerning the Hersey family.

JONATHAN HERSEY (spelled "Harsey" in family record), b. in Newmarket, Dec. 22, 1746; m. Mary Wiggin on Feb. 15, 1772

THEIR CHILDREN.

Samuel W., b. Nov. 22, 1772; m. Sally Shorey.

James ("Capt. James," father of Gen. George W., Andrew L., and other children), b. Nov. 18, 1774; m. Nancy Lucas.

William, b. March 31, 1777; killed by fall from a horse.

John, b. Oct. 18, 1779; m. Ruth Nudd.

Elijah, b. August 31, 1782; m. Hannah Tibbetts.

Polly, b. Feb. 28, 1785; m. Thomas Blaisdell, who was killed by fall of mill-frame.

Jonathan, b. August 4, 1787; m. Nabby Keniston.

Nabby, b. Sept. 28, 1789; m. John Neal.

Jacob, b. June 25, 1792; m. Nancy, sister of Thomas Blaisdell.

The descendants of the family are very numerous in Tuftonboro' and Wolfeboro'.]

Children of JOHN and Nabby (Hersey) Neal.

Richard B., born March 13, 1820; d. Sept. 23, 1890. He married Nancy N., daughter of David and Sally (Haley) Piper, April 7, 1842. They had 3 children.

Thomas W., b May 6. 1822; d. Nov. 27, 1890; m. Tryphena Kelsey, May 25, 1845. Five children.

John L., b. Nov. 3, 1824; d. Oct. 28, 1877. He married Lydia Scott, Nov. 3, 1850. Three children.

Joshua A., b. Oct. 14, 1827; d. Oct. 14, 1887. He married Angelina Burnal, Nov. 23, 1861. Two children.

Mary A., b. April 13, 1832; d. Feb. 23, 1861.

James H., b. Jan. 29, 1835; married Adeliza J. Copp, Nov. 11, 1860. Four children.

SEVENTH GENERATION.

RICHARD B. NEAL married Nancy N. Piper.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Charles L., b. June 15, 1847; m. Nellie Rich. His home is in California.

Ellen E. J., b. Nov. 24, 1853; m. George F. Young. They have one child.

Minnie A. E., b. Oct. 20, 1859; m. Frank A. Hersey. Two children.

THOMAS W. NEAL married Tryphena Kelsey.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Frank H., b. Jan. 25, 1846; m. Olive Getchel.
Edward C., b. Oct. 31, 1848; m. Emma J. Copp.
Joseph H., b. Jan. 15, 1857; m. —— ——.
Mary Alice, b. Sept. 1, 1859.
Lois C., b. March 19, 1863; m. Fred Amsden.

JOHN L. NEAL married Lydia Scott.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Emma F., b. April 11, 1852; m. Joseph Bullard.
Ella Jane, b. Jan. 16, 1859; m. Charles H. McAllister.
M. Etta, b. —— ——; m. Henry Langley.

JOSHUA A. NEAL married Angelina Burnal.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Mary A., b. —— ——; m. Myron Whidden.
Leta B., e. —— ——; m. J. W. Harris.

JAMES H. NEAL married Adeliza J. Copp.

THEIR CHILDREN.

John, b. March 6, 1863.
F. William, b. Feb. 11, 1865.
I. Newton, b. March 9, 1866.
Lucy M. R., b. Nov. 1, 1872.

OTHER NEALS.

We have found, in our researches, many other individuals and families bearing the name of Neal in some of its forms. Several of these, in all probability, are descendants of Capt. Walter Neal, 2d, while others may not be so. Some of them we will mention; others have already been referred to.

(From church records, Portsmouth.)

ROBERT NEAL and Edith Jackson, married by Rev. Samuel Haven, Oct. 6, 1747.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Mary, b. Jan. 7, 1759.
Richard, b. Sept. 19, 1766; d. ——
Andrew, b. May —, 1769.
James and John (twins), b. July 25, 1772.
Robert, b. Nov. 17, 1779.
Peggy, b. June 15, 1783.
Samuel, b. April 9, 1786.
Richard, b. Jan. 7, 1792.

[Whether all these children were born of one mother is doubtful, to say the least. It was probably Robert Neal, Senior, who, in April, 1776, in connection with Thomas Hayley and others, as previously noted, manifested his patriotism in overt opposition to British tyranny].

Elsewhere I find,—

SAMUEL NEAL and Sally Whidden married Aug. 22, 1790.

Children — Samuel and Sally (twins), baptized Sept. 9, 1792. Mary, baptized June 14, 1795.

(On tombstones in Portsmouth.)

Robert Neal, b. 1780; d. Jan. 2, 1852.

James Neal, d. 1833, aged 26 years. [I suspect that the "Robert Neal" here named was Robert, Jr., and was really born on Nov. 17, 1779, as above.]

(From church records at Portsmouth.)

In 1671, Walter Neale's name appears among the names of church members, and the same list contains the names of W. Neal and Sam. Neal. Probably two of these were Capt. Walter, 2d, and his son, Samuel.

Jeremiah Neal married ——— Martin, Oct. 23, 1720.

(From Wells, Me., records.)

Andrew Neal of Berwick and Jean Hubbard, published July 25, 1778.

(From records at Newcastle, N. H.)

Richard Neal, b. 1762.

Abigail Neal, b. 1766. Whose children they were does not appear

WILLIAM NEAL and Hepsabeth Marden, published (or married) Feb. 6, 1777.

THEIR CHILDREN.

William, b. ———, 1786.
Mary, b. ———, 1793.
Sarah, b. ———, 1796.

(From a MS. loaned by Mrs. Mary Neal Hanaford of Chadwick, Ill. It is certainly incorrect in some particulars, but

apparently right in most others.) It runs, in substance, but condensed, as follows: "Capt. Walter Neil emigrated from Bedford, England, and settled in Greenland (N. H.) about 1623." (The real, original Captain Walter Neale did not come to this country until 1630, and did not "settle" here at all. Possibly the "1623" should be "1653," and then the reference might, in that case, be to him whom we have styled "Capt. Walter Neale, 2d.") We resume the MS. record:—

"CAPT. NEIL m. ——— ———.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Samuel, b. ——— ———.

———, a daughter who married a Philbrick, and died quite early.

SAMUEL NEIL m. Jane Philbrick; another account says Jane Foss.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Samuel, m. ——— Locke, and lived in Greenland.

John, m. ——— Whitten.

Walter, b. 1692; d. April 17, 1755; m. Jan. 11, 1715, Ann Mattoon (b. 1694; d. 1766).

Joshua, m. Abigail Haines, and settled in Stratham.

Jeremiah, m. ——— Martin, and settled in Saco." It is thought by some that the Neals of Portland, Me., are descendants of this couple.

WALTER NEIL m. Ann Mattoon. She was the daughter of Richard Mattoon of Exeter, and was of Scotch descent. [Belknap says that Richard Mattoon and his son Hubertas were killed by the Indians in the summer of 1706].

THEIR CHILDREN.

Hubartus, b. Oct. 22, 1717; d. Dec. 13, 1805; married Mary Perkins.

Samuel, b. March 26, 1720; d. April 8, 1760; married Catherine Burleigh.

John, b. April 5, 1722; d. Jan. 27, 1806; married Lydia Wiggin.

Anne, b. Sept. 1, 1724; d. 1736.

Ebenezer, b. Jan. 18, 1726; d. April 15, 1805; married (1st) Lydia Clark; (2d) Eliza Perkins.

Walter, b. June 22, 1731; d. April 23, 1820; married Lydia Porson.

Deborah, b. Nov. 14, 1733; m. Walter Wiggin.

Ann, b. Nov. 13, 1736; m. Joshua Robinson.

CAPT. HUBARTUS m. Mary Perkins.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Bartholomew, b. July 17, 1748; d. in infancy.

Hubartus, Jr., b. Jan. 23, 1752; d. May 8, 1807; married Dec. 11, 1774, Mary Smith, dau. of Col. Joseph and Mary (Glidden) Smith of Newmarket

Molly, b. Oct. 6, 1756; d. 1760.

Capt. Hubartus and wife, with their son Hubartus, Jr., and his wife, were interred in the old cemetery near Rockingham Junction, N. H.

HUBARTUS, JR., m. Mary Smith.

THEIR CHILDREN.

John Glidden, b. Sept. 3, 1775; d. July 13, 1859; m. Elizabeth Leavitt, Sept. 11, 1806.

Mary, b. May 20, 1777; d. at age of 5 years.

Sarah, b. Dec. 1, 1780; d. 1870, aged about 90.

Mary, b. Dec. 7, 1784; m. Joseph Merrill d. Oct. 23, 1829.

Joseph, b. April 27, 1788; m. Olive R. Hill; d. April 27, 1815.

Andrew, b. May 16, 1792; m. Sarah Bowker; d. ———.

Ebenezer H., b. Oct. 13, 1797; m. Mary Tarleton; d. April 7, 1876.

JOHN GLIDDEN NIEL m. Elizabeth Leavitt.

[We learn that he adopted the spelling "Niel," in preference to "Neal," or "Neil."]

THEIR CHILDREN.

Mary Ann Smith, b. —— ——; m. Solomon W. Bates; d. Nov. 11, 1842..

Caroline L., b. —— ——; m. (1) Moses Jewett in 1831; (2) I. S. Weston in 1852; is in her 90th year (in 1899).

John L., b. —— ——; m. Pauline Raymond; d. May 22, 1839.

Sarah G., b. —— ——; m. A. H. Gilman; d. July 29, 1855.

Elizabeth L., b. —— ——; m. Geo. F. Talbot, 1844; d. June 28, 1845.

Helen Niel, b. —— ——; m. James Howard, July 24, 1861.

[I am indebted to Mrs. Howard for a version of the Neal Genealogy, by means of which I have been able to supplement and extend the genealogy received from Mrs. Hanaford.

I have already pointed out the mistakes in the first part of this genealogy; the main portion tallies with a will of Walter Neal, dated April 15, 1755, proved on April 22, same year, and recorded in the probate office at Exeter, N. H. There, however, the family name is spelled "Neal," instead of "Neil," or "Niel."

Should we adopt the very possible hypothesis that "Capt. Walter Neil" above named was identical with him whom we have previously styled "Capt. Walter Neal, 2d," and that he actually came from Bedford, England, he may have been related to John Neal of Dean, Bedford Co., of whom we have spoken before].

(From Dearborn's "Hist. of Parsonsfield, Me.")

Walter and Enoch Neal went from Newmarket, N. H., to Parsonsfield, Me., in 1785.

WALTER NEAL m. ——— ———.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Walter, m. ——— Shores.

Children:— Creighton, Joseph, and William, the latter a resident of Newmarket.

In 1785, Walter was one of the petitioners for incorporation of the town of Parsonsfield.

ENOCH NEAL, b. in Newmarket in 1762; m. Nancy Towle in 1788; d. in Parsonsfield, 1817.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Betsey, b. 1790.
Joshua, b. 1792.
Sally, b. 1795.
Oliver, b. 1797; lived in Tuftonboro'.
Enoch, b. 1803.
Nathaniel, b. 1808 (?); lived in Tuftonboro'.
Nancy, b. 1814.

(Enoch's wife, Nancy T. Neal, was sister to the wife of Horace Piper, author of "Piper Genealogy," a work of great value.)

(From Lancaster's "Hist. of Gilmanton, N. H.")

In 1727, Walter Neal was one of the proprietors of the township of Gilmanton, claiming under the charter dated May 20, 1727, and signed by Gov. John Wentworth. It does not appear, however, that Neal was then, or later, a resident of the town of Gilmanton.

(From records at Exeter, N. H.)

Jan. 21, 1812, Walter and Enoch Neal of Parsonsfield, Joshua Neal of Portsmouth, and Nathaniel Neal of Exeter, sons and heirs of Walter Neal, the elder, of Newmarket, convey to their brother, Eliphalet, all their right and title to the estate of their father, Walter Neal, the elder, aforesaid. At this time, both their parents were living.

[The Joshua here mentioned, otherwise called "Captain Joshua," sometimes described as "merchant," at other times as "mariner," lived in Portsmouth. He died in 1831, at the age of 64, and his widow Nancy administered his estate.

We may add that "Walter Neal, the elder," named in the document, was doubtless the son of Walter and Ann (Mattoon) Neal (or Neil), and was born June 22, 1731, and died on April 23, 1820, as previously stated].

In 1748, William Neal was appointed administrator of the estate of his father, the late Richard Neal of Newcastle, N. H.

A deed dated Dec., 1729, shows that Joshua Neal of Stratham married Abigail, daughter of Samuel Haines of Greenland.

(From "York Deeds," Maine.)

Dec. 5, 1694, John Neale, Senior, and Joan, his wife, executed a deed to their son Andrew. Jan. 12, 1712, Andrew Neale and Katherine, his wife, executed a deed.

April 10, Abigail Neale witnessed a deed.

(From old records, in Ridlon's book.)

ANDREW NEALE m. Katherine ———.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Katherine, b. Dec. 4, 1695.
John, b. Oct. 1, 1698.
Andrew, b. May 4, 1701.
Hannah, b. May 2, 1704.
Rebecca, b. Jan. 20, 1706.
Mary, b. Aug. 17, 1708.
James, b. May 4, 1711; d. Aug. 31, 1730.

Tax-payers in Elliott (Kittery.):—

In 1780, Widow Patience Neal, James Neal and son, Samuel Neal, John Niall.

(From Runnells' Hist. of Sanbornton, N. H., supplemented by Mrs. Hanaford's MS.)

SAMUEL NEAL of Stratham m. Elizabeth Haley of Kittery, Feb. 7, 1754.

THEIR CHILDREN.

John, b. ———; ———; m. Ray of Meredith, moved to St. Albans, Vt., had two sons who went to Ohio, and settled there.

Deborah, m. Small, and settled in Limington, Me.

Another daughter m. Cheney, and settled in Me.

Joseph, b. in Kittery, March 23, 1762, brought up in Stratham, removed to Meredith, and d. there March 23, 1851, aged exactly 89. He m. Hannah Smith of Meredith, who was b. March 27, 1771; d. March 24, 1851.

Children of JOSEPH and Hannah (Smith) Neal:—

William, b. March 11, 1789; d. Jan. 29, 1830.

John, b. Oct. 20, 1790; d. Sept. 30, 1864; m. Mead. Children, Darius, D. J., John, Martha, Maria, Harriett.

N.E. HISTORIC GENEALOGICAL

Betsey, b. Sept. 18, 1793; d —— ——; m. Richard Neal. Children — Charles and Joseph.

Mary, b. Sept. 15, 1795; d. April 1, 1879.

Joseph, b. Nov. 11, 1797; d. Dec. 25, 1854; m. ——— ———. Children — William, Smith, and Lydia.

Hannah S., b. Sept. 15, 1799; d. March 19, 1835.

Smith, b. Feb. 16, 1806; d. Dec. 15, 1887; m. S. Elizabeth Smith. One child — Mary E., m. Hanaford. Mrs. Hanaford has sent me genealogical items of value.

Nancy, b. Sept. 15, 1810; d. March 19, 1854; m. Wiggin. No children.

Irene, b. Sept. 26, 1813; m. Charles Smith. No children.

(From records, Greenland, N. H.)

Rev. James Armstrong Neal, born in Londonderry, in 1774, died in Greenland, N. H., in 1808. He was the third pastor of the Cong. Church in Greenland.

Joseph Clay Neal, his son, born in Greenland, Feb. 3, 1807; died in Philadelphia, July 5, 1848. He was editor, author, and humorist, and married, in 1846, Emily Bradley, afterwards called "Alice Bradley."

She wrote extensively under the pseudonym of "Cousin Alice," and edited the "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," for several years after the decease of her husband, its editor. Both husband and wife were very talented.

John Neal was born in Portland, Me., Aug. 25, 1793; died there on June 20, 1876. His parents were Friends. He became a successful teacher, lawyer, lecturer, and author. He was admitted to the bar of Maryland in 1819, and for a time practiced law in Baltimore. He published some 20 or more volumes of novels, essays, etc. He led a very active literary life.

(From C. Neal Barney, Esq., Boston, Mass.)

Andrew Neal married Dorcas ———. He died 1757, and she 1791.

THEIR CHILDREN.

James, Quaker preacher at Elliot, Me. He married ———.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Stephen, lived in Elliot.
John, b. 1763; d. 1794. Schoolmaster in Portland.
James, unmarried; d., aged 64.
Of these three sons,—
JOHN married ——— ———.

THEIR CHILDREN.

John, b. 1793; d. 1876; poet. He is the John Neal of Portland, above mentioned, the lawyer and author.

(From Mr. H. S. Ruggles, Wakefield, Mass.)

John Neal, lawyer, of Portsmouth.

[I suspect that he was the son of Walter and Ann (Mattoon) Neal, or Neil, and was born in Newmarket, N. H., on April 5, 1722, as previously noted].

JOHN NEAL married Mary Leavitt of Hampton, N. H., descendant of Thos. Leavitt of Exeter, who d. in 1696.

THEIR CHILDREN.

Moses Leavitt Neal lived in Londonderry and Dover; lawyer, and Clerk of "N. H. House of Representatives" for 13 years. He was born in Hampton, N. H., in 1767; graduated at Harvard in 1785, and died in Dover, Nov. 25, 1829.

MOSES L., m (1st) Patty Prentice, (2d) Sarah Furbish.

(CHILDREN BY FIRST WIFE).

Mary Cheney, b. June 9, 1815; m. Gershom C. Ruggles of Rutland, Vt., son of Maj. John Ruggles.

This couple had children as follows:—

John Leavitt Ruggles, b. March 27, 1836; m. Eliza D. Roberts.
Moses, b. Oct. 14, 1839.
Julia Bissonette, m. Wilbur F. Parker.
Sarah Prentice, m. Dr. Henry H. Pierce.
Clarissa Jane.

I have learned of a JOHN NEAL, born in South Berwick, who, about the year 1803, went into the wilds of Maine, to build a home for himself. He was the founder of a branch of the

Neal family. A descendant, Hannah Neal, married Silas Hall, son of Hatevil Hall of Dover, N. H. Their descendants are quite numerous. By the way, Dover records make mention of a father, a son, and a grandson, each bearing the unique name "Hatevil Hall." Among the descendants of John Neal, are reckoned Joshua Neal of Hallowell, Sheldon H. Gardner of Riverside, Mrs. J. O. Johnson of Liberty, Walter I. Neal of Bangor, and A. K. P. Buffum of Gardiner, Me., with Mrs. F. D. Hall, Newtonville, David Neal of Dedham, and Alonzo Neal of Salem, Mass.

I am sorry to be unable to present fuller details concerning this branch of the Neal family.

Elisha John Neale of Lowell, Mass., thinks that he himself is descended from John Neale of Salem, Mass.

In conclusion, I trust that these fragmentary sketches of families will prove of interest to some one. To combine and supplement them, and produce a complete, accurate, and symmetrical history of the Neal Family, one would need to be endowed with a kind of *genealogical omniscience*, a gift which I neither possess nor claim — in which disavowal the reader who has perused my little book will, no doubt, cheerfully acquiesce.

RICKER FAMILY.

The name of this family appears under different forms. We find it spelled Riccar, Riker, Ryker, Rickord, and Ricker. Probably the Scotch names, Rickard and Rickards, with Rickert, Record, and perhaps Ricardo, are mere variations.

As to the origin of the family, all known circumstances seem to indicate the northern part of Germany as the starting point. Thence, it would seem, the family, or at least a portion of it, moved down into Saxony, whence, later, they crossed over to the Isle of Jersey. From this latter locality, some of them emigrated to America. We quote Mr. E. H. Ricker, the historian and genealogist of the family: "The Rickers are of ancient lineage, descending from the feudal and knightly family of RICCAR in Saxony in the fourteenth century. The Saxon Riccars, drifting across the face of Europe, settled in later times on the island of Jersey, and thence came the first Riccars in this country — two brothers, GEORGE and MATURIN, arriving about the middle of the seventeenth century, and settling at Dover, N. H." We are told that, within the last 25 years, some Riccars have come from Germany to this country. If related to the American Rickers, the relationship is probably very remote.

GEORGE RICKER is believed to have come over at the instance, perhaps at the expense, of Parson Reyner, pastor at Dover, 1655 to 1669. At any rate, George was found at Cocheco, now Dover, in 1670. He was assessed as a tax-payer in 1672. He seems to have been devotedly attached to his younger brother, MATURIN, the expense of whose coming to this country he paid out of his earliest earnings. Both brothers married, and had children. Both settled in Dover, N. H., or its immediate

vicinity; and both were killed by the Indians on June 4, 1706. Rev. John Pike, pastor at Dover from about 1677 to 1709–10, gives in his "Journal" (see Quint's edition, p. 30), which is still preserved, the following account of the sad tragedy: "George Riccar and Maturin Riccar, of Cocheco, were slain by the Indians. George was killed while running up the lane near the garrison; Maturin was killed in his field, and his little son (Noah) carried away." The "garrison" spoken of was Heard's, and the "lane" was what is now the cross road at the southern base of Garrison Hill. We may add here that the little boy was carried to Canada, where he grew to manhood, and became a Catholic priest, never returning to his former home and friends.

As we are not attempting a complete history of the Ricker family, but undertake to trace chiefly a single branch of it — that to which we ascribe our own individual lineage — it may be sufficient to say that the name of MATURIN'S wife is unknown. He left at least four children — **Maturin, Jr., Joseph, Noah,** mentioned above, and **Sarah.**

MATURIN, JR., m. Lucy Wallingford, and had six children.

JOSEPH m. (1) Elizabeth Garland; (2) Mary May. He settled at first in Somersworth, N. H., and later in Berwick, Me. They had nine children. In his will dated Jan. 19, 1771, he bequeathed a large amount of property situated in the two towns to his surviving children. He was a man of large wealth and influence, and his progeny is wide-spread.

NOAH, as we have said, remained in Canada, and died there.

SARAH, aged about 4 years at the time of her father's tragic end, m. John, grandson of the emigrant John Wingate, who, more than two centuries since, settled on the "Wingate place" in Dover. Some of the descendants of Sarah and John are still to be found, as we are informed.

The descendants of MATURIN, the emigrant, are numerous in our own time. In his line are reckoned many individuals eminent in the several professions, and in various departments of business life. Some of these we shall have occasion to mention as we proceed. MATURIN'S line has been, and is to-day, an honorable and influential one. And it is with sincere regret that we are constrained by the limits of our book to pause at this point

in tracing the genealogy of the younger emigrant. We must be content to give a sketch of the family and later posterity of the older only of the two brothers, GEORGE, the emigrant.

FIRST GENERATION.

For obvious reasons we place GEORGE RICKER at the head of the list.

This pioneer married Eleanor Evans. Her father had been killed by the Indians, having been, it is said, chained by them to Mr. Waldron's barn, and burned together with the building. [This unfortunate victim of savage ferocity was apparently John Evans. Dr. Quint in his edition of Pike's Journal, pp. 12, 13, notes, says that the Evans who was killed by the Indians on June 28, 1689, at the same time with Major Waldron and some 20 others, was certainly not the emigrant Robert Evans, but was probably John, to whom, on March 16, 1672–3, Major Waldron had deeded land in Cocheco. So that Eleanor Evans was probably the daughter of this John.

Whether these Dover Evanses were related to David Evans of Concord, N. H., whose daughter our ancestor, THOMAS PIPER, married, we cannot say, but we think there is little doubt of it.

We may add that Robert Evans, Senior, the emigrant, died in Dover, on Feb. 27, 1696–7. Pike's Journal, p. 19.]

SECOND GENERATION.

GEORGE RICKER married Eleanor Evans.

THEIR CHILDREN.

The children of this couple were nine in number:

Judith, b. Feb. 1, 1681. On July 26, 1696, she was captured by the Indians; but she either was released, or escaped, for, on April 14, 1699, she was married to Thomas Horne. She had four children — Sarah, Ichabod, Thomas, and William. Some of her posterity are still flourishing.

John, b. April 1, 1682; d. ———.

Mary, b. March 22, 1685. She was with her father when he was killed, but, though fired at, she escaped by fleet running,

She married William Twombly, grandson of the emigrant Ralph Twombly.

Maturin, b. Feb. 1, 1686; d. ———.

Elizabeth, b. Aug. 8, 1690. Probably married, first, Bartholomew Stevenson, Jr., had by him a daughter, Deborah, who married Benjamin Wentworth. Stevenson was killed by the Indians in 1709, and his widow married an Abbott, by whom she had several children.

Hannah, b. May 12, 1693. Married William Jones, and had three children — Eleanor, William, and Hannah.

Ephraim, b. Feb. 15, 1696; d ———.

Eleanor, b. Feb. 15, 1699; married Benjamin Stanton, who came from England. They had several children, among whom was Benjamin, Jr., who married his cousin, Eleanor Jones, above mentioned. From this couple, descended the late Prof. Benjamin Stanton of Union College, N. Y., Prof. Levi W. Stanton, formerly of New Hampton Institute, N. H., and Prof. Jonathan Y. Stanton, now of Bates College, Lewiston, Me.

George, b. Feb. 10, 1702; married Jemima Busby.

THIRD GENERATION.

JOHN RICKER, son of GEORGE, the emigrant, married Hannah, daughter of Jabez and Dorcas Garland. To this couple were born 14 children, named as follows: Elizabeth, Olive, Judith, Phineas, Nathaniel, Benjamin (died in childhood), Lydia (died in infancy), Benjamin, 2d, Paul, Lydia, 2d, Ebenezer, Daniel, John, and Hannah. The first of these was born in 1716, the last in 1744. Most of them appeared to have married, and reared families, but our knowledge of them is quite meager.

MATURIN, another son of GEORGE, married Hannah, daughter of George and Mary Hunt of Newington. They had 12 children, the oldest born in 1713, the youngest in 1736 Children's names: Abigail, Mary, George, Maturin (b. July 23, 1719), Richard, Bridget, Reuben, Dorcas, Hannah, Samuel, Bildad, and Mercy.

(Dover records give "Beiley," a daughter, instead of Bildad.)

EPHRAIM, third son of GEORGE, the emigrant, married (1st) Dorcas, daughter of Jabez and Dorcas Garland; (2d) Sarah, daughter of Deacon Gershom Wentworth, and grand-daughter of Elder William Wentworth, of Dover, N. H. Children, by first wife: **Tamsen, Jonathan, Eleanor, Dorcas, Nicholas, Mary, Moses, Aaron, Sarah, Lemuel, Miriam,** and **Ezekiel,**—twelve in number.

Ephraim lived in Somersworth, N. H.

GEORGE, JR., fourth son of the emigrant, married Jemima Busby, and lived in Berwick, Me. Children: **Ephraim, Daniel, James, Dolly, Betty,** and **Polly.** Concerning most of these, little is known.

FOURTH GENERATION.

[The necessary limits of our work will prevent our following out all the foregoing genealogical lines in detail. We give a few of them in a condensed form.]

PHINEAS, son of John, and grandson of GEORGE, the emigrant, married (1st) Tamsen Riggs; (2d) Mrs. Deborah Miller, daughter of John and Deborah Roberts. By the two wives he had seven children.

NATHANIEL, his brother, married Mercy, daughter of Sylvanus and Sarah Nock (Knox). He moved to Newcastle, Me.; had four children.

PAUL, another brother, married Abigail Hodgdon. He had five children; he died by drowning.

DANIEL, a fourth brother, married Lucy Cromwell, and eight children were born to them.

GEORGE, son of Maturin, and grandson of GEORGE, the emigrant, married Mary Randall, they had eight children.

MATURIN, his brother, and, of course, grandson to GEORGE, the emigrant, married Lois Downs of Somersworth, in 1749. They moved to Newcastle, Me., and later to Wells, where they lived and died. They had six children—**Solomon, Stephen,** and four daughters, the names of three of the latter not being certainly known to the writer. However, the old records at Wells, Me., contain the publishment of Thomas Wormwood and **Mary Ricker,**

both of Wells, in June, 1770; of Roger Littlefield and Anna Ricker, June, 1771; of Nathaniel Treadwell and Phebe Ricker, July, 1772; and of Charles White of Coxhall (Lyman) and Hannah Ricker, of Wells, in July, 1779. It is presumed that these four brides were all daughters of Maturin, last mentioned, as one of them, Anna, is known to have been. [A grandson of Maturin, Charles F. Ricker, has furnished the writer with a most thrilling account of the experiences of Maturin and his family in one of the later Indian raids. The time referred to was the latter part of August, 1762. Maturin, with his wife and six children, lived on the north branch of Little River, near a place called "Harrisickett." The stream flowed between his home and the settlement with its garrison-houses. On the eventful evening, near midnight, the family were startled by the violent barking of their faithful watch dog. It was known that an Indian had been seen lurking near. The peril was imminent; an attack by the savages was plainly impending. Mr. Ricker bade his wife dress the children with all speed, and prepare for instant flight. Meanwhile, in order to gain time, he, being an athletic and courageous man, took his gun in his hand, and drew near the place where the Indians were hidden. He called to them, telling them that he knew their purpose, and, reminding them of his well-known physical prowess, assured them that, in case they made the attack, some of them must die. Instantly his ears were saluted with the most dreadful, blood-curdling whoops and yells which mortal ears ever heard. Rushing back to the house, he caught up his two youngest children, and taking one upon his shoulder, the other in his arms, he, followed by his family, quickly and noiselessly made their escape over the bridge across the stream, and presently succeeded in gaining the shelter of the garrison. As the family looked back after crossing the stream, they beheld their home in flames at the hands of the savages. The family lost all their goods, save the clothing they wore, and one cow which the Indians failed to discover. Similar, and even far greater, misfortunes befell the early settlers in unnumbered instances. Would our space permit, we should not fail to recount many and many a tale and tradition of those early times which "tried men's souls."]

We may be permitted to add that this Maturin was grandson to the earliest GEORGE, and was grandfather to the grandmother (on the father's side) of the writer of these pages. To put it more concisely, my grandmother's grandfather, MATURIN, was the grandson of GEORGE, the emigrant.

RICHARD RICKER, brother of the last named Maturin, married Abigail Carter, and moved to Berwick, Me., where he passed his life. To this couple were born the goodly number of ten children.

REUBEN, another brother, married Elizabeth Randall, and died in Canada during the war. They had four children.

NICHOLAS, son of Ephraim, of Somersworth, and grandson of GEORGE, the emigrant, married Elizabeth, daughter of William and Mary Twombly. They had three children.

MOSES, brother of Nicholas, was a soldier in the old French war, and he served with the army at Crown Point. He married Sobriety Nock, daughter of Samuel and Abigail (Ricker) Nock (Knox). Her mother was a grand-daughter of the first GEORGE RICKER. This couple had nine children.

AARON, another brother, married Mary Nock (Knox), and had seven children.

LEMUEL, another brother, married Dorothy, sister of Sobriety Nock (Knox) above mentioned. To these parents were born nine children.

EPHRAIM, son of George, Jr., and grandson of GEORGE the emigrant, married Susannah Leighton. He moved from Somersworth, N. H., to Berwick, Me. They had seven children, one of whom, Daniel, was a minister of the Gospel, and preached in Warren and Freedom, Me.

FIFTH GENERATION.

SOLOMON, son of Maturin, and great-grandson of the first GEORGE, married Jane Wormwood of Wells, on Dec. 28, 1769. The Wells records give her name, in one instance, as "Ann," but this may have been a mistake of the clerk; or she may have

borne both of these names. This couple had issue as follows: **Lois**, born Sept. —, 1770, and died in Tuftonboro', N. H., Jan. 3, 1854; **Solomon**, bapt. Nov. 8, 1772; **Ephraim Downs**, bapt. Aug. 21, 1775; **Stephen**, bapt. April 21, 1776. These names of the children of Solomon and Jane Ricker, except the first, I copied from the Wells town and church records. Family tradition, however, mentions the following other children of the couple: Three Josephs, one of whom I remember seeing, **Eben**, **Samuel**, **John** and **Mary**, the latter of whom, we are told, married Asa Drew. Doubtless the reason why these latter names do not appear in the Wells records is the fact that Solomon and his wife Jane had removed from the town before the birth of the last seven children. They evidently resided in Alfred, or in the vicinity, in 1784 to 1792, as Solomon Ricker owned a pew in the Congregational Church there, at that time. And there is documentary evidence that, in 1795, they were residents of Coxhall, now Lyman. The explanation, probably, is that the family lived in that part of Lyman nearest to Alfred, so that they could conveniently attend church in the latter town.

Lois, above-mentioned, married William Haley of Alfred (or Kittery), about 1790, and bore to him eight children — four sons and four daughters.

(For further particulars, see "Haley Family," within.)

The writer well remembers, when a boy, hearing Grandmother Lois relate thrilling tales of Indian fights, and the hardships of the early settlers. In particular, he recalls hearing her speak of the Hessian prisoners of both sexes, whom she saw marching through the streets of the place where she then lived, as they were being conducted to the place of temporary detention, Winter Hill, near Boston. Her description of their garb, equipments, and appearance was most vivid and life-like.

[It will be recollected that Frederick II. of Hesse-Cassell, Prussia, became a convert to Romanism.

This licentious despot is reputed, Mr. Lowell says, to have been the father of "more than a hundred children!" His son, Count William of Hesse-Hanau, was a close second, having been the father of seventy-four children. One of the latter's bastards

was the "Austrian butcher," Von Haynau, of infamous memory—fit descendant of such depraved and execrable ancestry.

Several other German rulers hired out their subjects as soldiers for other powers, though Frederick seems to have done most in this line. Between 1776 and 1784, he received of the British government more than £3,000,000 sterling for the hire of his soldiers (some 22,000 of them) to aid in crushing out the liberties of America. Mr. E. J. Lowell, in his "The Hessians in the Revolution," states that these German mercenaries served for seven years against us; and that more than 12,000 of them never returned to their native land. Some Hessian women came with the troops. One division was accompanied by 77 soldiers' wives. (Lowell's "The Hessians," &c., p. 119.)

Many of the Hessians, captured from time to time, remained and settled in this country.

On Dec. 20, 1776, Gen. Washington crossed the Delaware, surprised the Hessian encampment, and captured about 1000 prisoners. August 16, 1777, Gen. Stark defeated a part of Burgoyne's army, at Bennington, Vt., and took nearly 700 prisoners, of whom about 400 were Hessians. On Oct. 17th of the same year, Gen. Burgoyne surrendered at Saratoga his entire army of 5791 men, 2431 of whom were Hessians. Gen. Whipple was appointed to conduct the captive troops to the above-named place of detention near Boston. Here they remained till Nov., 1778, when they were sent to Virginia. As late as May, 1780, some 1500 of them were still remaining in various portions of that State.

On the whole, it seems probable that the Hessian mercenaries captured at Bennington, as above, were those whom Grandmother saw as aforestated. She being at that time a girl some seven years of age, the scene was indelibly impressed upon her memory.]

Another incident which she used to relate deeply thrilled the souls of her young auditors. It pertained to her almost miraculous escape from being eaten alive by wild beasts. When a young girl, Lois, being the eldest of the children, was sent, with her next younger brother, Solomon, upon an errand to a neigh-

bor's. Their path lay in part through a forest. For some reason they were detained, and when they set out to return, the shades of evening were fast approaching. Fortunately they were accompanied by their father's dog, a very large and fierce animal appropriately named "Lion." When they reached the middle of the wood, their ears were suddenly saluted with that dread, blood-curdling sound, *the howling of hungry wolves.* Soon the fierce brutes drew near, and began to circle about the children, and close in upon them, while their fiery eyes and gleaming teeth were plainly visible in the dusky gloom. At this critical moment, the frightened girl said to the dog: "Speak to 'em, Lion!" Whereupon the noble animal, raising his head, opened his massive jaws and uttered a succession of growls which would have done credit to a Numidian lion. The cowardly brutes shrunk back in terror, but soon gathered courage, and drew near once more. Again the thunderous growls of the dog deterred them from the attack, and caused them to slink away. The process was several times repeated, until finally the trembling children emerged from the wood, and were restored to their overjoyed parents.

It would not be possible to meet with a similar experience in the town of Wells to-day. But that was near a century and a quarter ago.

I think I shall be pardoned for introducing another of grandmother's stories which — pertaining to her grandfather's time, — after the lapse of fifty years, comes vividly to my mind. It relates to the days of Indian atrocities, and the scene was laid, I think, somewhere on the coast of York, or Wells, Me. At a certain point, a deep and narrow ravine runs up from the marsh, some way into the high land. At the head of this ravine, stood, in the olden time, a garrison-house, with a thatched roof. Into this stronghold, the settlers — men, women, and children — were wont to gather in time of apprehended danger from the skulking, bloodthirsty foe.

On a certain day the alarm went round, "The Indians are coming, and will doubtless attack the settlement to-night." Words can but poorly depict the anxiety and terror caused by this warning. All the settlers, old and young, made their way to the block-house for safety. There they waited and watched

as the hours glided by, and the darkness drew on apace. Just in the gray gloaming, dusky forms were seen creeping along the marsh, and gathering in the ravine. Soon the latter swarmed with fierce savages, who, with dreadful yells and whoops, proclaimed their deadly purpose. They were, however, too crafty and cowardly to attempt to carry the fort by storm, and so expose themselves to the well-aimed guns of the settlers; they knew a trick worth two of that. They sought to set the fort on fire, and so either roast its inmates alive, or compel them to leave their shelter, when they could be caught and tomahawked, or else put to death with the most agonizing tortures. The wily savages would pop up from the ravine, let fly their fiery missiles, and dodge back again so quickly, that in the darkness it was difficult for the settlers to shoot them. [Mather, in his "Magnalia," Book VII., Article XVI., alludes to the use of these weapons by the Indians in the "long war," 1688–98. Some small vessels were lying in the then deep and narrow harbor of Wells, Me. Sheltered by a kind of rude breastwork composed of planks, rails, and a stack of hay, the savages sought to set the vessels on fire. "Lying thus within a dozen yards of the sloops," says the historian, "they did with their *fire arrows* divers times desperately set the sloops on fire, but the brave defendants, with a swab at the end of a rope tied unto a pole, and so dipt into the water, happily put the fire out."]

So in the present case these fiends shot flaming arrows in great numbers, which, sticking in the dry thatch of the roof of the garrison, kindled frequent fires only to be extinguished with great difficulty and danger. Soon the supply of water grew scant, and the inmates of the garrison faced the dread alternative of being roasted alive, or of falling into the hands of those whose "tender mercies were cruelty." Their peril was imminent and dire.

Suddenly a bright thought came, like a flash of inspiration, to one of the men in the garrison.

There happened to be in the block-house an old "mortar" which had been unused for a long time. [Doubtless the reader is aware that a "mortar," in military parlance, is a short cannon intended for throwing bombs, shells, and the like. A modern

Coehorn mortar weighs about 170 pounds, and throws 24-pound shells. It is to be noted here that, in the many colonial wars, the Indians made attacks, not only by land, but also by sea, upon our coast towns. They came in canoes, or in vessels with their French allies. These attacks were greatly dreaded by the colonists. In July, 1677, as Belknap states, the savages actually captured some twenty fishing vessels which had put into various harbors for the night, and had neglected to guard against surprise. And he adds that in 1705 the coast was "infested by the enemy's privateers." As a precautionary measure, we are told that, in cases of alarm, the colonists caused "spy-boats" to patrol part of the coast of N. H. and Me.; and a "nightly patrole" was maintained along the shore in the vicinity of Portsmouth, to prevent any surprise by sea. Despite this vigilance, however, as Belknap tells us, on Sept. 29, 1691, a party of Indians "came from the eastward in canoes to Sandy Beach (Rye), where they killed and captivated 21 persons."

The "mortar" above referred to, may have been placed in the block-house as an aid in repelling these anticipated attacks from the sea. Belknap affirms that in the expedition against Port Royal (now Annapolis), Nova Scotia, in 1710, the leader of the expedition, Francis Nicholson, had five frigates and a "bomb-ketch" under his command. This circumstance, with others which might be adduced, shows that bombs and mortars were familiar implements of warfare in those early times.]

As we have said above, it occurred to one of the inmates of the endangered garrison, to make instant use of the old "mortar" as a weapon of defence. Accordingly he and his companions took the old cannon, put in a heavy charge of powder, then filled the piece to the muzzle with spikes, bullets, slugs, chunks of iron, and broken links of chains, and similar effective missiles, and rammed the whole well home. Then some half-dozen men took the mortar, and, passing out of the back door of the fort unperceived by the savages, made a wide and swift detour along the marsh, and came to the foot of the ravine. They carefully aimed the cannon up the gorge which was filled with savages swarming—grandmother would say—"as thickly as your fingers." Then the mortar uttered its mighty voice, and instantly the

midnight air was rent with such yells, shrieks, and groans as earth has seldom heard. The men who brought the mortar, easily slipped away in the darkness, and escaped unscathed.

It took the Indians until daylight, as grandmother used to tell us, to carry off their dead and wounded.

Thenceforth the savage foe gave that garrison a wide berth.

I cannot describe the animation with which the venerable old lady used to recount these tales of colonial and Indian warfare. As her grandfather and his family had fled for their lives before the savage foe, she might be excused for feeling a rather strong antipathy to the "noble red man." She had evidently come to feel that "there is no good Indian but a dead Indian." And I cannot wonder at this feeling on her part. But I must return from a rather long digression, and resume the thread of the genealogy.

Stephen, brother of **Solomon**, senior, and great-grandson of GEORGE, the emigrant, became, at 18 years of age, a soldier in the army of the Revolution. He served two years, and then, being on the sick list, was discharged. He was in the battles of Princeton and Trenton, and suffered severely at Valley Forge with his fellow-patriots. His tale is most pathetic. He says:—"I stood guard many a stormy night, with no other clothing than a jacket and a pair of sheep-skin breeches, without shoes or stockings. I was three days crossing the lake before the enemy, with only one-half pint of rice boiled in the filthy lake water; and I was four days on fatigue [duty], building forts, without any provision save a piece of dead horse and one small loaf of bread. I was sick eleven days without medical assistance, with an abscess on my side. Eight of those days were stormy, and I lay on my back with nothing under me save a few strips of birch bark, and nothing over me but the canopy of heaven, and an old blanket full of vermin. I travelled from Pennsylvania to Wells, in the dead of winter, sick with a disease contracted by lying on the ground."

So costly, in the sufferings of brave and patriotic men, were the liberties of America.

STEPHEN RICKER married (1) Sarah Storer (pub. Dec. 25, 1779); (2) Alice Goodwin (Wells records call her "Ellis Good-

win"); pub. Nov. 12, 1791. Of these marriages were born six children — George, William, Sarah, John, Lois, and Samuel (born Jan., 1796, died Sept., 1866).

SAMUEL married Susan Storer, and they had five children — Sarah, Alice Elizabeth, John, George, and Charles F. To the latter the writer is much indebted for valuable facts and reminiscences. Alice E. married a Davis, and has been for many years a resident of Jerusalem, Palestine, engaged in educational work there.

It may be added that STEPHEN and his wife removed later to Parsonsfield, Me., where both died and were buried.

MATURIN and his wife, parents of Solomon and Stephen, spent their latter years in Wells, where both died between 1788 and 1792.

It may be said here that Mr. Savage, in his "Genealogical Dictionary," mentions several individuals and families by the name of "Rickard," "Ricker," or "Ricket"—which names he considers mere variants,—as follows: GILES, of Plymouth, Mass.; freeman, 1637. Married (1) Judith ———; (2) Joan Tilson; (3) Mrs. Hannah Churchill. Children — Giles, Jr., John, and (perhaps) dau. Sarah, all by first wife.

GILES, JR., m. Oct. 31, 1651, Hannah Dunham. Two sons, John and Samuel.

JOHN, m. Esther Barnes, on same day with the marriage of his brother, Giles, Jr. Children — John, Mary, Lydia, John 2d, and Mercy.

THOMAS, of Scituate; will of Nov. 14, 1648, names neither wife nor child.

THOMAS, Salem, 1670, had wife Sarah, and daughter of same name.

However, I confess to some doubt as to whether the above should really be reckoned with the Ricker family.

The early records of Dover, N. H., mention some 50 or more persons bearing the name of Ricker. In Somersworth, N. H., Berwick, Poland, and Parsonsfield, Me., the family has been an influential one. Prominent among the Parsonsfield Rickers may be mentioned Deacon Dominicus Ricker, and his sons, Dominicus, Esq., and Rev. Joseph Ricker, D. D., of Augusta, who died in Sept., 1897. By legislative enactment "Ricker Classical

Institute," at Houlton, Me., bears Dr. Ricker's name, he having been instrumental in securing the endowment of the school.

As illustrating the intermarriage of families, it may be added that Dr. Ricker's first wife was Anna Judson Clarke, whose grandmother, Sukey Piper, was of the 5th generation in descent from NATHANIEL PIPER, the venerable Ipswich immigrant, of whom we have spoken earlier.

Those enterprising gentlemen, Messrs. Hiram Ricker and Sons, proprietors of the famous medicinal springs and the magnificent hotel at South Poland, Me., do honor to the family name. They are descended from the first MATURIN.

Mr. E. H. Ricker of Elgin, Ill., historian and genealogist of the family, is of the same worthy lineage.

And Rev. E. W. Ricker, of Lewiston, Me., a veteran of the Civil War, with Rev. G. S. Ricker, Faribault, Minn., and Rev. A. E. Ricker, of Chadron, Neb., proves that the family has not neglected divinity. Nor is the "healing art" without its devotees among the Rickers of our country. More than one Dr. Ricker has done honor to the family name.

The late Hon. John P. Hale, the famous old-time anti-slavery leader, and member of Congress from N. H., married a lady of Ricker ancestry, and the mother of the late Chief Justice Doe, of N. H., was of the same honored lineage.

Whether Richard Riker, Recorder of the City of New York, in the year 1815, was a descendant or relative of the two immigrants previously mentioned, we are not able to say.

The Parsonsfield family seem to have been, for the most part, descendants of MATURIN, the emigrant, younger brother of GEORGE. At this point, we may note a branch of the family which once flourished in Wolfeboro' and Tuftonboro'.

At an early date, Joseph H. Ricker, b. 1762, d. 1838, went from Parsonsfield, via Newfield and Brookfield, to Wolfeboro'. He married Sarah Trickey, b. 1764, d. 1841. Their children were—Abigail H., William, Sarah, Rebecca L., Phebe C. (married a Cram), Joseph, Benjamin, Adelphia, eight in all.

Of these, William settled in Tuftonboro', about the year 1840. He married (1) Sarah Keniston, (2) Lucy Whitten. Children, by first marriage—William, Joseph, Dorothy, Nancy,

Lucretia, Joanna, and Wentworth. By second marriage—Alonzo, David, James, Monroe, Abbie, Cynthia, Ephraim W. (Rev., above mentioned), and Reuben—fifteen in all.

The venerable Reuel Ricker, Waterboro', Me., at an advanced age in 1899, is great-great-grandson to GEORGE the immigrant. And the late Ebenezer Ricker, of Lyman (once "Coxhall"), Me., was, I think, the great-great-great-grandson of the emigrant MATURIN.

Mr. Henry Stoddard Ruggles, of Wakefield, Mass., claims descent from the same younger emigrant. His genealogy is given as follows:—(1) MATURIN RICKER, killed by Indians June 4, 1706; (2) Joseph, m. Elizabeth Garland; (3) Noah, of Berwick, Me., m. Margaret Emery; (4) Joanna, m. Jonathan Ross, a Revolutionary soldier; (5) Jonathan Ross, Jr., m. Mary Goodwin; (6) Mary Goodwin Ross, b. June 13, 1812, d. Oct. 11, 1894; m. Henry Bond Ruggles, son of Major John Ruggles, of Rutland, Vt.; (7) Henry Stoddard Ruggles, b. Oct. 31, 1846, m. Mary Elizabeth Ryan, of Boston. Children as follows:—

Henry, b. Feb. 20, 1879; d. Jan. 24, 1881.
Francis Dunbar, b. Aug. 9, 1883.
Horace Cheney, b. June 18, 1887; d. Feb. 9, 1888.
Emmeline.
Mary Rosamond.
Marguerite.
Mabel Lyman.
Louisa Kingsley.
Alicia.
Lucia Dalton.
Julia Parker.

The late John Ricker, Esq., husband of Mrs. Marilla M. Ricker, of Dover, and son of Isaac and Elizabeth (Ham) Ricker, of Madbury, N. H., was born in 1807. He is thought to have been of the line of MATURIN, the first.

Mrs. Maria V. (Ricker) Millard, of Needham, Mass., with her sister, the late Miss L. Ricker, is in the line of the first GEORGE, and in the seventh generation.

Many other facts of interest might be given concerning the Ricker family, ancient and honorable as it is, but our limits will

not permit. And many facts and incidents which have been merely adverted to, in our necessarily brief sketch, will, we doubt not, be far more fully and worthily treated in the forthcoming history and genealogy of the family, by Mr. E. H. Ricker, above mentioned. We trust that itmay soon appear.

Those who are interested in armorial bearings and related subjects may be pleased to see the following description of the Riccar coat of arms now in the possession of the Poland Spring branch of the family. The description is copied verbatim from the elegant little brochure issued by Messrs. Hiram Ricker and Sons, and entitled "Poland Spring Centennial—A Souvenir." The motto is, *Sapientia Donum Dei*—"Wisdom, the Gift of God." "The family escutcheon is officially described as 'Arms azure, a naturel rose argent, accompanied by three stars, or. Crest: the rose between two horns, coup, alternate azure and argent;' the beautiful symbolism suggesting, in the golden stars set in the azure of the sky, lofty aspirations as well as the Trinity, and, in the rose, beauty and grace. The horns are proof of knighthood, since the knights alone wore them afield to sustain the chief tinctures of the arms; and the rose naturel indicates, according to Burke's 'Armory,' 'a period when arms were not subject to rigid and conventional rules, and it dates, in all instances, prior to the sixteenth century'—that is, prior to 1501, with which year the sixteenth century, of course, began.

The Scotch families bearing the names of Rickard and Rickards have coats of arms which are described in Fairbairn on "Crests," new edition, p. 378.

Thus we close our brief sketch of a numerous, an honored, and influential family.

ADDENDA.

So far as I am aware, no elaborate and extended genealogy of the HALEY family has been published up to the present time. I am, indeed, informed that the "Yarmouth (Nova Scotia) Herald" of ———, 1896, contained a quite voluminous account of the Haleys of that vicinity, tracing their origin back to Kittery, Me., and Portsmouth, N. H. This I have not seen as yet. It is to be hoped that the want above intimated may soon be supplied by the

publication of Mrs. Tooker's book, to which already we have several times alluded.

Relative to the PIPERS, two works of not very large size have appeared, which sketch different branches of the family. The first of these, "Genealogy of the Family of Solomon Piper, of Dublin, N. H.," by Solomon Piper, of Boston, Mass., published some 20 or 25 years ago, was of value so far as it extended. The second work, "Genealogy of Elisha Piper, of Parsonsfield, Me.," with an appendix containing genealogies of Asa Piper, of Wakefield, N. H., Solomon Piper, of Boston, Mass., and Stephen Piper, of Newfield, Me., by Horace Piper, A. M., is much more comprehensive, and is worthy of high commendation. It was published some ten years ago, and may, perhaps, still be had of Major Horace L. Piper, 1505 L Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Price, $1.25. The smaller book is, I think, long since out of print.

Since the foregoing was in type, I have received from a grand-daughter of his a few further particulars respecting the posterity of ADJUTANT JOHN PIPER. His daughter, Lucinda C. had by first husband two children—Phebe A. and John Albert.

Susan W. had Phebe R., John P., and Samuel T.

Vienna E. had John A., Mary E. (died in infancy), Mary E. 2d, Joseph N., Samuel L., Sarah E., Charles H., and Annie V. (See pp. 38-41, preceding.)

As to the NEAL family,—a "chart" of the family was advertised some time ago by Joel Munsell's Sons, Albany, N. Y. I deem it of no special value. Two pamphlets have also been published—one, "The Neal Record, being a List of the Descendants of John Neale, one of the Early Settlers of Salem, Mass." Compiled by Theodore Augustus Neal, Boston; H. W. Dutton & Son, Printers, 1856.

The other is entitled, "Historical Notes of the Ancestry and Descendants of Henry Neill, M. D."

Privately Printed. 1886. Anonymous.

I have never seen a copy of either pamphlet offered for sale. Doubtless both are out of print.

The need of a thorough and comprehensive history of the Neal family is sufficiently obvious. But its preparation would

be a task involving an appalling amount of labor and very heavy expense.

With reference to the possibly earliest Walter Neal mentioned on page 51, since writing that paragraph I have gathered, from the records of Visitation cited on that page, some further items of interest concerning his family and near relatives. Thus I find that his father's name is given as being "Henery Neal" (so in record) "of Hanging Houghton in com. North'ton, 1618." We take it that the latter expression is equivalent to, "in the county of Northampton."

It appears, moreover, that the wife's name is mentioned as "Elizabeth Lacon" of ———. The children of "Henery" and Elizabeth are named—Lacon, Walter and Frances (twins, apparently), Lancelot, Lancelot, Grace. Lacon's age is given as being 8, in 1618; hence he was born in 1610. Whether he was the oldest of the children does not appear. If so, and if the names are arranged in the order of births, Walter was probably born about 1612 or 1613. At all events, this man could not have been the same with Walter, the son of William, who died about 1612. Nor, on the above hypothesis, could he have been the same with Capt. Walter Neale 1st, who entered the English army about 1615. But it may be that Walter, the son of "Henery," was identical with Capt. Walter Neale 2d, who settled in Greenland, N. H., about 1653, or perhaps somewhat earlier.

On the other hand, it is *possible* that "Henery's" children are not named in the order of their births; hence, Lacon, instead of being the oldest, may have been the youngest of the family. On this hypothesis, Walter may have been born as far back as 1590 or 1595; and might, in that case, turn out to be Capt. Walter, the soldier and explorer. However, so far as we can see, the matter is likely to remain an "open question."

The reader will notice that later advices have enabled me to correct, on page 66, a statement made elsewhere (p. 64) relative to date of decease of Joseph and Polly (Neal) Kent. I was misled by information then deemed authentic.

With regard to the RICKER family, this is to be said. Some twenty years since, a pamphlet appeared bearing the following title,—"Records of Some of the Descendants of George and

Maturin Ricker," &c., &c. Compiled by Wm. B. Lapham, M. D. Augusta, Me. Sprague, Owen & Nash, Printers, 1877.

We understand that Dr. Lapham was greatly aided in his researches by the late Rev. Joseph Ricker, D. D., of Augusta. It is apparently impracticable to obtain a copy of this admirable little pamphlet, except perhaps a type-written copy.

It is a pleasure to repeat that our friend, Mr. E. H. Ricker, of Elgin, Ill., is preparing a history of the Ricker family, which will no doubt be worthy of its subject.

The reader may recall that, on page 34, allusion was made to the responsibility of the French Canadian Jesuits for the unspeakable atrocities perpetrated upon the poor settlers in the various towns of New England.

After a careful examination of authorities, and taking into account the near six hundred scalps found in the village of St. Francis, in Oct., 1759 (see on page 34), I estimate that, in the various wars between the colonists and the Indians, during a period of about 150 years, beginning with the Pequod war of 1637, well nigh *two thousand* of the colonists of New England and northern New York were slaughtered — often put to death with the most protracted and excruciating tortures—while a very large number, perhaps nearly as many more, were taken captive by the savage foe. And the responsibility for this butchery and suffering lay mainly at the door of the French ecclesiastics of Canada.

This, we think, is established beyond any reasonable doubt by the statements of French Canadian annalists, Charlevoix and others; by letters and documents intercepted or captured from time to time; by the testimony of prisoners on their return home; and by the admissions of the Indians themselves, in times of truce or peace. Charlevoix, just mentioned, a French Jesuit missionary and historian, lived in Canada for a term of years, and in 1744 published his History of "New France" (Canada and Louisiana). In that work, he often gloats over the miseries of the New England settlers; and expatiates with evident pleasure upon the injuries and losses of life and property inflicted upon them by the savages.

Again and again, the Indians would come with a flag of truce, and enter into the most solemn treaties with the settlers; yet within a short time they would begin pillaging and murdering anew. The secret of this treachery was that they had been taught by their spiritual guides that an oath or promise made to "heretics" is of little or no binding force. As Belknap says, they soon "learned to call the English 'heretics,' and that to extirpate them as such was meritorious in the sight of Heaven. When their minds were filled with religious frenzy, they became more bitter and implacable enemies than before; and finding the sale of scalps and prisoners turn to good account in Canada, they had still farther incitement to continue their depredations and prosecute their vengeance."

The historian adds: "The French missionaries had been for some years very assiduous in propagating their tenets among them, one of which was that to 'break faith with heretics is no sin.'" (Farmer's Belknap, pp. 130, 137.)

Of course, thus stimulated by fanatical, sectarian hate, and by the promise and prospect of large bounties for *scalps* and for *captives*, the savages persisted in their murderous assaults upon the New England settlers.

A historical incident casts a peculiar light upon the character of these sanguinary disciples of the Jesuit fathers. We need not rehearse in detail the familiar story of the capture and sufferings of Mrs. Hannah Dustan, of Haverhill, Mass. Suffice it to say that, on March 15, 1697, the savages made a descent upon that town, murdered or captured about 40 persons, and burned some half-dozen houses. Mrs. Dustan was ill in bed, with an infant about a week old. The savages forced her from her bed, weak and ill as she was, and started, with her and the other captives, on the long and wearisome tramp toward Canada. A little way out, they dashed out the brains of the infant against a tree, and, soon after, sunk their hatchets into the heads of others of the feebler captives, leaving the bodies on the ground to be devoured by the wild beasts. And yet—as Mrs. Dustan and other captives affirmed—these bloody wretches, with the scalps of innocent women and children dangling from their belts, showed themselves the "devout" disciples of the French ecclesiastics.

Indeed, so "pious" and "religious" were they, that, in the words of the old historian, "in obedience to the instructions which the French have given them," they would scrupulously recite their prayers three times a day,—morning, noon and night. And so thoroughly had they been indoctrinated by their spiritual guides that, with a fine touch of Popish intolerance, they were unwilling that the poor captive women should hold their devotions in English, by themselves. This shows how fully imbued with the superstitions and intolerance of their spiritual guides these savage "converts" had become. (See "Magnalia," Book VII., Article XXV.)

In Jan., 1690, M. de Demonville, Governor of Canada, wrote thus: "The good understanding I have maintained with these Indians through the care of the Jesuits, especially the two fathers Bigot, brothers, contributed to the success of all their attacks this summer upon the English."

(See N. Y. Col. Doc., ix. 440; cited in Quint's Pike's Jour., p. 12, note.)

This unwitting admission discloses the ghastly and infamous secret, and fixes the responsibility beyond question.

As to those merciless, fanatical zealots who thus hounded on the savages in their bloody onslaughts upon Christian people, they will remain forever pilloried in history, as countenancing the butchery of helpless and unoffending women and children,—as the instigators and abettors of wide-spread rapine and carnage in the most cruel and revolting forms.

[Those who wish to see further details respecting the barbarities perpetrated under such auspices by the savages, may consult Bouton's Hist. of Concord, N. H., p. 203; Farmer's Belknap, pp. 68, 127 (account of Major Waldron's tortures, 131, 133 note, 138-9, 144-5, 178, 217, &c.; also Mather's Magnalia, Book VII., Appendix, Articles I. to XXVIII. (especially the torture of John Diamond, described in Article XVI). See, also, Penhallow's History of the Wars, &c., 1726; Hubbard's Narrative of the Troubles with the Indians, 1677; S. G. Drake's Book of the Indians, and his History of the French and Indian War; with other similar works.]

CORRECTIONS AND EXPLANATIONS.

The reader will, no doubt, have noticed numerous bracketed paragraphs throughout the book. These are of course subsidiary and explanatory, and are intended to serve instead of *foot-notes*. This should be borne in mind, in order not to miss the proper connection of the genealogy. For example, on page 62, 12th line from top; "THEIR CHILDREN" refers back, *past* the bracketed explanation, and denotes the children of Samuel and Elizabeth Neale mentioned at bottom of page 61. So in other instances.

P. 18, 4th and 7th lines from top; for the sake of uniformity, "Piper Genealogy" should be "Piper Family."

P. 19, 18th line from bottom; omit "d."

P. 19, 13th line; "Mary" should be in full-faced type.

P. 19, 10th line, read "Mary H. (m. Albert Roberts; children—Susie and Fred L.")

P. 19, 7th and 8th lines from bottom; read "married Susannah Shorey of Wolfeboro', N. H., a daughter of John Shorey," etc. (see p. 41).

P. 19, 4th line from bottom; "Nancy" should be in small capitals, and the names of her 12 children, in full-faced type.

P. 24; between "Shillaber" and "Abel," insert "William, b. Sept. 29, 1806." Name accidentally omitted from list of Robert Jr.'s children.

P. 41, 15th and 16th lines from bottom. Recent reliable information makes it clear that John and Mary (Piper) Shorey had at least *five* children, the third daughter, Susannah, marrying Morgan Lewis, Jr., and settling in Alfred, Me., while Mary married another man. (See also p. 19.)

P. 47; among the children of JOSHUA N. PIPER, between **Annie Maria** and **Ella F.**, insert **Aurilla, A.**, b. Jan. 20, 1850; m. (1) J. W. Adams, 1880, (2) J. H. Jaques, 1897.

P. 49; at top, **"Israel Piper"** should be in small capitals.

P. 62, 6th line from top; "at least 5 sons." Of course, the fifth was Samuel, Jr., the husband of Elizabeth, mentioned at bottom of p. 61.

P. 71, 8th and 9th lines from bottom; "Belknap says," more accurately, "the editor of Belknap," etc.

P. 72, 5th and 6th lines from bottom, "Niel" should be "Neil"; so on opposite page, and throughout the book. I was misled by certain peculiarities of the handwriting of a correspondent.

P. 72, 8th line from bottom; "Tarleton" should be "Fletcher"; 9th line, "Bowker" should be "Barker"; a few lines above, "Mary (Glidden)" should be "Sarah (Glidden)."

P. 74, 8th line from bottom; the designation, "Walter Neal, the elder," is quoted verbatim from the document referred to a few lines before, executed by Walter, Enoch, Joshua and Nathaniel, and dated Jan. 21, 1812. The expression designates their own father, and not an earlier namesake. This Walter, the elder, was the son of Walter, and himself had a son Walter.

P. 84, 6th line from top; for "a grandson of Maturin" read "a great-grandson," etc.

I note that Barber, in his "British Family Names," London 1894, on page 141, observes, "HAYLEY, from Haylei, a local name, Largs, Scotland." This rather seems to point to a Scottish origin of the name. I will merely repeat here the substance of a previous remark, that "HAYLEY" seems to me the preferable spelling of the family name; and that circumstances plainly indicate its western English, or possibly Scottish, origin. (See further, on pp. 8 and 28 of this book.)

INDEX.

[This index includes the more important instances of mention of names in the foregoing pages.

In the numerous cases where several persons bear the same name, the real or approximate date of birth has frequently been appended as an aid to identification. For a similar reason the maiden name of a married lady has usually been given, enclosed in parenthesis.]

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